INTERCHANGE. COMMERCE.

By the Commonwealth of Australia Constitution Act (section 51) the power to make laws with respect to trade and commerce with other countries and among the States was conferred on the Federal Parliament, and by the same Act (section 86) the collection and control of duties of Customs and Excise passed to the Executive Government of the Commonwealth on 1st January, 1901. The first Commonwealth Customs Tariff was assented to on 16th September, 1902, and was made retrospective to 8th October, 1901. Uniform rates of duty were imposed in all the States, and restrictions on trade between the States were with the exception of the right of Western Australia, under the Commonwealth Constitution Act, to levy duty on goods from other States during the first five years after the imposition of uniform duties. In 1906 certain amendments of the Tariff took place. 1908 a revision of the Tariff was made retrospective to 8th August, 1907. This Tariff is given in detail on p. 465 of the Year-Book for 1908-9. In 1910 amendments of some rates of duty in the Tariff of 1908 came into force, and are given on p. 407 of the Year-Book for 1910-11, and further amendments which came into operation on 1st December, 1911, are given on p. 355 of the Year-Book for 1911-12.

A consolidation of the duties imposed by the Excise Acts in force on 1st January, 1909, is given on page 509 of the Year-Book 1908-9. The only amendment of the schedule as there stated is that the duty

on sugar has been repealed.

Up to the end of 1902 each State published statistical information regarding its trade, showing countries from and to which articles were imported and exported. Under this arrangement there occurred material differences in the classification of the goods, making it practically impossible to institute accurate comparisons. Arrangements were accordingly made by the Federal Government for uniform tabulation of trade returns in each State, and the information so tabulated was issued for the first time in 1903, and maintained until 1910. On the 13th September of the latter year the Federal Government abandoned the collecting and recording of Inter-State imports and exports, and consequently the trade particulars since available relate exclusively to oversea imports and exports, i.e., direct imports from and exports to countries outside Australia. A further curtailment of particulars in regard to exports took place in 1911, as the distinction that had previously been made between Victorian produce and Australian produce was not then observed, nor has it been subsequently.

Oversea imports and exports. The total values and the values per head of population of imports from and exports to oversea countries for the thirteen years 1901–1913 are set forth hereunder:—

VALUE OF OVERSEA IMPORTS AND EXPORTS, 1901 TO 1913.

		Imports (Oversea	Exports Oversea.		
Year.		Total.	Per head of population.	Total.	Per head of population.	
1901 1902 1903 1904 1905 1906		£ 12,686,880 12,857,725 12,339,615 12,743,375 12,957,855 14,855,163	£ s d. 10 10 6 10 11 5 10 2 7 10 9 1 10 11 5 12 0 0 13 12 10	£ 13,075,259 10,369,335 11,185,012 16,172,694 14,028,641 18,110,020 17,112,298	£ s. d. 10 16 11 8 10 6 9 3 5 4 11 8 11 14 12 6 13 13 6	
1907 1908 1909 1910 1911 1912 1913		17,101,022 16,433,382 16,531,981 20,002,606 21,850,963 25,081,074 24,387,073	13 12 10 12 19 6 12 18 1 15 7 11 16 10 9 18 10 5 17 10 10	15,165,031 17,842,876 18,188,236 18,915,716 19,113,121 17,835,395	11 19 6 13 18 6 14 0 6 14 6 4 14 2 3 12 16 5	

The oversea trade of 1913 is considerably less than that of 1912, but during the period covered by the table imports have increased by £11,700,193, and exports by £4,760,136, which represent increases of £7 0s. 4d. and £1 19s. 8d. per head of population respectively.

Total imports and exports, 1900-9. The values of the combined oversea and inter-state trade, which are not available since 1909, were as follow, in the ten years 1900-1909:—

VALUE OF TOTAL IMPORTS AND EXPORTS, 1900 TO 1909.

	Impo	rts.	Exports.					
Year.	Total.	Per Head of Population.	Gold.	Merchandise.	Total,	Per Head of Population.		
1900 1901 1902 1903 1904 1906 1906 1908	£ 18,301,811 18,927,340 18,270,245 17,859,171 20,096,442 22,337,886 25,234,402 28,198,257 27,197,696 28,150,198	20 11 4 22 12 4 21 10 2	£ 4,132,061 4,298,528 4,305,697 5,420,974 4,444,011 1,999,297 4,910,177 2,660,544 4,363,078 2,846,981	£ 13,290,491 14,347,569 13,904,826 14,286,094 19,960,906 20,759,531 24,007,815 26,074,460 22,833,123 27,049,294	£ 17,422,552 18,646,097 18,210,523 19,707,068 24,404,917 22,758,828 28,917,992 28,735,004 27,196,201 29,896,275	23 0 11 21 10 2		

Imports from and exports to principal countries.

The value of Victorian trade with various oversea countries and the surplus of imports or exports in each case during 1913 are as follows:—

IMPORTS FROM AND EXPORTS TO OVERSEA COUNTRIES, 1913.

Country.		Value of Imports into Victoria from each Country.	Value of Exports from Victoria to each Country.	Victorian excess of Imports (+) Exports (-)
		£	£	£
United Kingdom		14,096,121	9,095,329	+5,000,792
Canada		289,586	5,383	+ 284,203
Ceylon		378,207	164,455	+ 213,752
Fiji		166,903	44,664	+ 122,239
Hong Kong		133,519	152,632	- 19,113
India (including Burmah)	• 1.	1,080,851	166,115	+ 914,736
Mauritius		117,314	26,860	+ 90,454
New Zealand		772,194	834,354	- 62,160
Ocean Island		170,735	15,327	+ 155,408
South African Union		43,631	606,945	- 563,314
Straits Settlements		132,642	133,814	- 1,172
Other British Possessions		8,412	9,607	- 1,195
Argentine		.,	173,048	- 173,048
Asia Minor		22,673	1,362	+ 21,311
Austria-Hungary		38,145	58,652	20,507
Belgium		683,083	767,749	- 84,666
Canary Islands			127,542	- 127,542
Cape Verde Islands		::	39,265	- 39,265
Chili		22,281	00,200	+ 22,281
China		24,808	65,071	- 40,263
East Indies—Borneo (Dutch)		1,848	22,628	- 20,780
Celebes		801	19,116	- 18,315
Java		230,826	135,695	
Sumatra		105,244	15,922	+ '95,131 $+$ 89,322
Egypt	- 1	13,027	149,545	
France		215,475	2,563,201	- 136,518
Germany		1,738,678		-2,347,726
Holland (Netherlands)	- 1		1,029,433	+ 709,245
Italy	•••	96,668	24,406	+ 72,262
Japan .		128,951	211,308	- 82,357
Norway		328,127	176,638	+ 151,489
Peru		357,740	729	+ 357,011
Dhilimmin a Talan 1	••	65,130	112,571	- 47,441
Portuguese East Africa	••	41,281	102,661	- 61,380
Russia.	••		99,914	- 99,914
Siheria	• •	649	4,044	- 3,395
South See Telanda	•••	43,036		+ 43,036
Sweden	••	40,525	8,046	+ 32,479
United States of America	••	191,787	3,336	+ 188,451
Other Foreign Countries	••	2,580,362	632,996	+1,947,366
owner roteign Countries	••	25,813	35,032	- 9,219
Total	-	24,387,073	17,835,395	+6,551,678

The oversea trade in 1913 shows an excess in the value of imports amounting to £6,551,678, and it will be observed that this excess is due principally to the state of the trade with British countries. The excess in favour of imports from these countries was £6,134,630, there

being a balance of imports to the amount of £6,781,584 as regards the United Kingdom, India, Canada, Ceylon, Ocean Island, Fiji, and Mauritius; and a balance of exports amounting to £646,954 in respect of the remaining British countries. As regards foreign countries, the value of the imports from the United States was greater by £1,947,366 than that of exports thereto; while, on the other hand, exports to France showed a surplus over imports of £2,347,726. The value of all goods received from other foreign countries exceeded that of goods sent thereto by the sum of £817,408.

The value of the trade with the leading countries of the world in

each of the last five years was as specified hereunder:-

IMPORTS FROM AND EXPORTS TO PRINCIPAL COUNTRIES, 1909 TO 1913.

Countries.	1909.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.					
	,	Imports.								
From—	£	£	£	£	£					
Other Australian	11,618,217	*	*	*	*					
States			050 055	999,958	772,194					
New Zealand	861,313	925,819	978,677	14,631,958	14,096,121					
United Kingdom		11,648,160	12,502,234	1,124,888	1,459,058					
India, Burmah and Cevlon	980,719	1,358,721	1,128,654	, ,						
South African Union	16,663	26,114	16,454	60,148	43,631					
Other British Pos-	452,736		663,140	749,888	1,019,111					
sessions	000 000	418,719	608,891	613,955	683,083					
Belgium	338,908	184,207	250,411	226,343	215,475					
France	152,441		1,631,455	1,878,043	1,738,678					
Germany	1,205,359	1,338,612	2,592,032	2,913,341	2,580,362					
United States of America	1,556,997	2,211,517	2,002,002	2,010,011						
	i		1 470 015	1,882,552	1,779,360					
	1 000 FEE									
Other Foreign Coun		1,264,810	1,479,015							
Other Foreign Coun tries		1 _								
Other Foreign Coun		1 _	21,850,963+							
Other Foreign Coun tries Total	28,150,198	20,002,6061	21,850,963† Exports.	25,081,074+						
Other Foreign Countries Total	28,150,198 £	20,002,6061 £	21,850,963+		24,387,073†					
Other Foreign Countries Total To— Other Australian	28,150,198 £	20,002,6061 £	21,850,963† Exports.	25,081,074+ £	24,387,073†					
Other Foreign Countries Total To— Other Australian States	28,150,198 28,150,198 12,053,399	20,002,6061 £	21,850.963+ Exports. £ *	25.081,074+ £ *	24,387,073†					
Other Foreign Countries Total To— Other Australian States New Zealand	£ 12,053,399	£ * 945,019	Exports. £ * 805,029	£ * 781,723	£ 834,354					
Other Foreign Countries Total To— Other Australian States New Zealand United Kingdom	28,150,198 £ 12,053,399 1,117,800 8,871,16	20,002,6061 £ * 945,019 10,259,719	21,850,963+ Exports. # 805,029 10,507,025	25,081,074+ £ * 781,723 9,023,343	24,387,073† £ * 834,354 9,095,325					
Other Foreign Countries Total To— Other Australian States New Zealand United Kingdom India, Burmah and	28,150,198 £ 12,053,399 1,117,800 8,871,16	20,002,6061 £ * 945,019 10,259,719	21,850,963+ Exports. # 805,029 10,507,025	25,081,074+ £ * 781,723 9,023,343	24,387,073† £ * 834,354 9,095,325					
Other Foreign Countries Total To— Other Australian States New Zealand United Kingdom India, Burmah and Ceylon	28,150,198 £ 12,053,399 1,117,80° 8,871,16° 548,070	20,002,6061 £ * 945,019 10,259,719 334,936	21,850,963+ Exports. # 805,029 10,507,025 802,255	25.081,074+ £ * 781,723 9,023,343 2,476,143	24.387,073† £ * 834,354 9,095,329 330,570					
Other Foreign Countries Total To— Other Australian States New Zealand United Kingdom India, Burmah and Ceylon South African Unio	28,150,198 £ 12,053,399 1,117,807 8,871,16 548,076 643,876	20,002,6061 £ * 945,019 10,259,719 334,936 569,055	21,850.963† Exports. £ 805,029 10,507,025 802,255 567,781	25,081,074+ £ * 781,723 9,023,343 2,476,143 434,728	24,387,073† £ * 834,354 9,095,324 330,570 606,944					
Other Foreign Countries Total To— Other Australian States New Zealand United Kingdom India, Burmah and Ceylon	28,150,198 £ 12,053,399 1,117,800 8,871,16 548,070 n 643,877	20,002,6061 £ * 945,019 10,259,719 334,936 569,055	21,850.963† Exports. £ 805,029 10,507,025 802,255 567,781	25,081,074+ £ * 781,723 9,023,343 2,476,143 434,728	24,387,073† £ * 834,354 9,095,324 330,570 606,944					
Other Foreign Countries Total To— Other Australian States New Zealand United Kingdom India, Burmah and Ceylon South African Unio Other British Possessions	28,150,198 £ 12,053,399 1,117,800 8,871,16 548,070 1,1643,870 243,130	20,002,6061 * 945,019 10,259,719 334,936 569,055 297,418	21,850.963+ Exports. £ 805,029 10,507,025 802,255 567,781 369,420	25.081,074+ £ * 781,723 9,023,343 2,476,145 434,728 408,186	24.387,073† £ * 834,354 9,095,326 330,570 606,944 388,28					
Other Foreign Countries Total To— Other Australian States New Zealand United Kingdom India, Burmah and Ceylon South African Unio Other British Possessions Belgium	28,150,198 £ 12,053,399 1,117,80° 8,871,16° 548,070 n 643,876° 243,136° 747,51	20,002,6061 * 945,019 10,259,719 334,936 569,055 297,418 809,609	21,850.963+ Exports. # 805,029 10,507,025 802,255 567,781 369,420 755,106	25.081,074+ £ * 781,723 9,023,345 2,476,145 434,726 408,186 812,674	24.387,073† £ * 834,354 9,095,325 330,570 606,944 388,28* 4 767,74*					
Other Foreign Countries Total To— Other Australian States New Zealand United Kingdom India, Burmah and Ceylon South African Unio Other British Pos sessions Belgium France	28,150,198 £ 12,053,399 1,117,807 8,871,16 548,070 n 643,870 243,130 747,51 1,954,54	20,002,6061 £ * 945,019 10,259,719 334,936 569,055 297,418 0 809,609 2,441,502	21,850.963+ Exports. # 805,029 10,507,025 802,255 567,781 369,420 755,106 2,407,978	25.081,074† £ * 781,723 9,023,342 2,476,143 434,728 408,186 3, 812,674 8, 2,136,898	24.387,073† £ * 834,354 9,095,324 330,576 606,944 388,28* 767,74*					
Other Foreign Countries Total To— Other Australian States New Zealand United Kingdom India, Burmah and Ceylon South African Unio Other British Pos sessions Belgium France Germany	28,150,198 £ 12,053,399 1,117,800 8,871,16 548,070 n 643,870 243,130 747,510 1,954,54	20,002,6061 £ * 945,019 10,259,719 334,936 569,055 297,418 0 809,609 8 2,441,502 1 1,071,391	21,850.963+ Exports. # 805,029 10,507,025 802,255 567,781 369,420 755,106 2,407,978 801,305	25.081,074+ £ * 781,723 9,023,343 2,476,145 434,726 408,186 3,812,674 2,136,899 2,1,287,544	24.387,073† £ * 834,354 9,095,325 330,576 666,944 388,28* 4 767,74* 3 2,563,20 1,029,43					
Other Foreign Countries Total To— Other Australian States New Zealand United Kingdom India, Burmah and Ceylon South African Unio Other British Pos sessions Belgium France Germany United States o	28,150,198 £ 12,053,399 1,117,807 8,871,16 548,076 n 643,876 243,136 . 747,51 1,954,54 872,46	20,002,6061 £ * 945,019 10,259,719 334,936 569,055 297,418 0 809,609 8 2,441,502 1 1,071,391	21,850.963+ Exports. # 805,029 10,507,025 802,255 567,781 369,420 755,106 2,407,978 801,305	25.081,074+ £ * 781,723 9,023,343 2,476,145 434,726 408,186 3,812,674 2,136,899 2,1,287,544	24.387,073† £ * 834,354 9,095,324 330,576 666,944 388,28* 4 767,74 3 2,563,20 1,029,43					
Other Foreign Countries Total To— Other Australian States New Zealand United Kingdom India, Burmah and Ceylon South African Unio Other British Pos sessions Belgium France Germany United States o America	28,150,198 £ 12,053,399 1,117,807 8,871,16 548,070 n 643,879 243,130 747,511 1,954,54 872,46 1,169,76	20,002,6061 * 945,019 10,259,719 334,936 569,055 3 297,418 0 809,609 8 2,441,502 1 1,071,391 2 473,467	21,850.963+ Exports. # 805,029 10,507,025 802,255 567,781 369,420 755,106 2,407,978 801,303 412,166	25.081,074+ £ * 781,723 9,023,345 2,476,145 434,725 408,186 8,12,67- 8, 2,136,896 2,136,896 2,1287,544 331,256	24.387,073† £ * 834,354 9,095,325 330,570 606,944 388,28' 4 767,74' 2,563,20 1,029,43 632,99					
Other Foreign Countries Total To— Other Australian States New Zealand United Kingdom India, Burmah and Ceylon South African Unio Other British Pos sessions Belgium France Germany United States o America Other Foreign Coun	28,150,198 £ 12,053,399 1,117,800 8,871,16 548,070 1,643,879 243,130 747,51 1,954,54 872,46 1,169,76 1-1,674,55	20,002,6061 * 945,019 10,259,719 334,936 569,055 297,418 0 809,609 2,441,502 1 1,071,391 2 473,467 1 986,120	21,850.963+ Exports. \$ 805,029 10,507,025 802,255 567,781 369,420 755,106 2,407,978 801,306 412,166 1,487,666	25.081,074+ £ * 781,723 9,023,343 2,476,145 434,726 408,186 5, 21,36,896 1,287,544 0,331,256 0,1,420,62	24.387,073† £ * 834,354 9,095,325 330,570 6606,944 388,28* 4767,744 82,563,20 1,029,43:632,99 71,586,53					
Other Foreign Countries Total To— Other Australian States New Zealand United Kingdom India, Burmah and Ceylon South African Unio Other British Pos sessions Belgium France Germany United States o	28,150,198 £ 12,053,399 1,117,800 8,871,16 548,070 1,643,879 243,130 747,51 1,954,54 872,46 1,169,76 1-1,674,55	20,002,6061 * 945,019 10,259,719 334,936 569,055 297,418 0 809,609 2,441,502 1 1,071,391 2 473,467 1 986,120	21,850.963+ Exports. # 805,029 10,507,025 802,255 567,781 369,420 755,106 2,407,978 801,303 412,166	25.081,074+ £ * 781,723 9,023,343 2,476,145 434,726 408,186 5, 21,36,896 1,287,544 0,331,256 0,1,420,62	24.387,073† £ * 834,354 9,095,325 330,570 6606,944 388,28* 4767,744 82,563,20 1,029,43:632,99 71,586,53					

[·] No record.

⁺ Exclusive of Inter-State trade.

In 1909, the last year for which such information is available, Victoria's trade with the other Australian States represented 41 per cent. of the total imports and 40 per cent. of the total exports, and the exports to such States exceeded the imports therefrom by £435,182. In each of the last five years exports were of greater value than imports in the trade with South Africa, Belgium, and France; but, in trade with the United Kingdom and the United States of America, the value of imports was greater than that of exports. There was an excess of exports in trade with New Zealand in 1909, 1910, and 1913, and with India, Burmah, and Ceylon in 1912; but in other years there was an excess of imports from those countries.

Principal imports. The principal articles imported from oversea countries into Victoria during the year 1913 are shown in the subjoined statement:—

VALUES OF PRINCIPAL ARTICLES IMPORTED OVERSEA INTO VICTORIA, 1913.

Autiolog	37 - 1		
Articles.	Values.	Articles.	Values.
			* ,
	£	•	£
Acids	31,471	Electrical Articles and Materials	233,513
Ale, Beer, and Porter	122,494	Fancy Goods	119,289
Alkalies	64,654	Feathers, Dressed and Undressed	77,406
Animals—Horses	41,204	Fibre-Flax, Hemp, &c	152.420
Apparel and Attire	993,922	Fish—Fresh and Preserved	204,411
Apparel—Minor articles for	149,499	Floor Coverings, Floor Rugs	251,781
Arms, Ammunition, and Ex-	000 101	Fruits—Dried and Preserved	32,418
plosives	209,491	,, Fresh	145,187
Bags and Sacks	600,322	Furniture	58,003
Bags, Purses, N.E I., Wallets,	00.440	", minor articles for	31,177
Baskets, Boxes, Trunks, &c.	90,449	Furs	37,258
Belting—Composition, Leather,		Gelatine and Glue	19,407
and Rubber	30,228	Glass and Glassware	181,166
Books, printed	260,024	Gioves	189,809
Boots, Shoes, and Goloshes, &c.	141,287	Gold—Bullion and Specie	338,749
,, minor articles for	31,849	Grain—	
Brass—Pipes and tubes, sheet,		Rice	108,098
plate, &c.	31,454	Other—Prepared and Un-	
Brushware	45,992	prepared	26,594
	30,342	Gums, dry	43,723
Coromol and Coromol Donto	107,129	Hats, Caps, and Bonnets	185,609
Caramel and Caramel Paste	18,835	,,, minor articles for	61,150
Carpets and Carpeting Cement, Portland	52,195	Hessians, &c	117,784
China, Parian and Porcelain	67,788	Hops	29,602
	40 800	Insecticides and Disinfectants,	.00 *#0
Clocks	46,706	&c	23,173
Cocoa, Cocoa Beans, and Choco-	24,916	Instruments—Musical, and parts	
late	04 100	thereof-	100 000
Coffee and Coffee and Chicory.	94,126	Pianos	128,998
Confectionery	47,447	Other	42,393
Copper—Pipes and tubes, sheet,	153,985	Instruments Dental	97 505
plate, wire, &c.	118,866	Surgical and Dental	37,595 16,127
Cordage and Twines—	110,000	Scientific, &c	10,127
Sewing Silks, Twists, Cot-			52,978
tone fra	148,046	scopes, &c	15,933
Other	86,015	Iron and Steel—	10,000
Cosies, Cushions, Drapery for	00,010	Bar, Rod, Angle, and Tee	362,075
furniture, &c.	157,784	Girders, Beams, Joists, &c.	144.049
Cotton—Raw. Waste. &c.	45,961		67,206
Curtains and Blinds	35,246		82,323
Cutlery	82,015	70.	644,897
Cutlery Drugs and Chemicals	155,958	Other	79,480
Dyes	21,674	Jewellery and Imitation Jewel-	10,400
Earthenware, Brownware, &c.	87,094	DOMESTICI A WITH THINGSHOTH DEMET-	141,045

VALUES OF PRINCIPAL ARTICLES IMPORTED OVERSEA INTO VICTORIA, 1913—continued.

Articles.	Values.	Articles.	Values.
	£		£
Kapok	35,493	Rails, Fishplates, &c	234,080
Lamps and Lampware	61.882	Rubber and Rubber Manufac-	-
	250,360	turos	616,654
Leather Manufactures, N.E.I.	13,887	Rugs, Lap Dusters, Floor Rugs,	,
Leatherware, minor articles for	13,298	&c	23,230
	13,298		16,875
Machines and Machinery—	005 500		33,456
Agricultural	265,520	Sausage Casings	64,983
Electrical and Gas	282,913	Seeds	104,091
Engines	61,792	Silver—Bullion and Specie	
Motive Power	150,472	Skins and Hides	140,326
Printing	70,175	Soap	45,728
Sewing	83,501	Spices	36,114
Other	332,711	Spirits—	
Machines and Machine Tools,	004,111	Brandy	45,318
	92,604	Gin and Schnapps	40,928
	231,757	Whisky	174,823
Manures			47.945
Matches and Vestas	49,406	Other	96,674
Medicines	70,474	Stationery, manufactured, &c	40.192
Metals, Manufactures of—		Stone, Marble and Slate	
Bolts and Nuts	40,077	Sugar	350,943
Pipes and Tubes	192,755	,, Glucose	22,969
Wîre	198,501	Sulphur, Brimstone	56,164
Wire Netting	123,770	Tea	519,046
Other	564,302	Tiles	20,449
Nuts. Edible	45,510	Timber-	
0.11	60,270	Undressed N.E.I	511.880
	00,210	Dressed, N.E.I.	300,995
Oils, Bottled and in bulk-	101 510	Logs and Spars in the	
Benzine Kerosene	134,513		76,254
	107,804	Rough	62,166
Linseed	54,599	Other	185,775
Lubricating	65,625	Tinned Plates and Sheets (plain)	398,751
Other	123,815	Tobacco, Cigars, and Cigarettes	398,791
Paints and Colours	143,311	Tools of Trade (not being ma-	
Paper—	•	chine tools)	198,020
Printing	335,588	Trimmings and Ornaments	182,576
Writing and Typing	105,576	Turpentine	26,057
Other, including Millboard,	200,010	Varnishes	29,348
Strawboard, Paperhang-		Vehicles and parts thereof -	
	225.086	Motor Bodies and Chassis	538,29
		Other	252,709
Perfumery, &c.	35,186	ll ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' '	727,76
Photographic Goods and Access-	00.054		52,18
ories	30,054		40,76
Pickles and Sauces	21,807	Waxes ··	60,47
Piece Goods—	· ·	Wines	
Cottons and Linens	1,582,594	Wood, Articles made of	50,73
Silks	446,700	Yarns	243,75
Velvets and Velveteens	397,658	All other Articles	847,193
Woollens	723,605		
Other	88,298		
TO 1 1	47,858	Total	24,387,07
Pipes, Smoking	T1,000	11	1

Principal exports.

The principal articles exported to oversea countries from Victoria during the year 1913 were as shown hereunder:—

VALUES OF PRINCIPAL ARTICLES EXPORTED OVERSEA FROM VICTORIA, 1913.

Articles.	Values.	Articles.	Values.	
Ammonia, Sulphate	55,356 34,420 42,150 43,577 1,681,987 12,729	Fruits—Fresh, Dried, and Preserved Gold—Bullion, Ore and Specie Grain, &c.— Wheat Flour Other, Prepared and Unprepared Hay and Chaff	£ 186,089 624,264 2,053,454 710,416 57,664 18,353	

VALUES OF PRINCIPAL ARTICLES EXPORTED OVERSEA FROM VICTORIA, 1913—continued.

Articles.	Values.	Articles.	Values.
	£		£
Jams and Jellies	20,698	Rubber and Rubber Manufac-	
Jewellery, Cameos, and Pre-		tures	76,788
cious Stones	50,925	Sausage Casings	45,965
Lard and Refined Animal Fats	68,663	Silver-Bullion, Ore, and Specie	82,809
Leather	227,497	Skins and Hides	1,688,409
Machines and Machinery—	-	Soap	30,256
Agricultural	194,464	Sugar	13,201
Other	72,990	Tallow—Unrefined	371,316
Manures	50,305	Tea	27,651
Meats—		Timber	11,827
Mutton and Lamb (Frozen)	1,296,741	Tin Ingots	282,817
Beef (Frozen)	146,106	Tobacco, Cigars, and Cigarettes	70,859
Rabbits and Hares (Frozen)	107,818	Vessels (ships)	345,000
Other	84,141	Wines	37,970
Metals, Manufactures of	22,723	Wool	6,282,291
Milk	53,903	All other Articles	345,413
Oilmen's Stores	24,927		0.0,
Oils—Bottled and in bulk	55,137		
Onions	12,253		
Ores other than Gold and Silver	,	Total	17,835,395
Ores	62,673	. 10001	11,000,000

Principal articles of trade. A list of the principal articles of trade between Victoria and oversea countries during the last five years is as follows:—

VALUE OF PRINCIPAL ARTICLES IMPORTED FROM AND EXPORTED TO OVERSEA COUNTRIES, 1909 TO 1913.

	Value in Year.						
Articles.	1909.	1910,	1911.	1912.	1913.		
Imported into Victoria from Oversea Countries.	£	£	£	£	£		
Piece Goods	2,904,304	3,267,755	3,388,987	3,525,788	3,238,85		
Iron and Steel	781,347	1.064,648	1,177,275	1,294,912	1.380.03		
Machines and Machinery	818,657	1.013,728	1,218,516	1,449,019	1,339,68		
Metal Manufactures	859,687	970,688	1,145,484	1,398,562	1,119,40		
Apparel and Attire	586,574	699,809	797,566	1,049,221	993.92		
Timber	616,348	847,139	1,107,317	979,354	951,29		
Vehicles and parts	315,332	403,548	530,012	842,840	791,00		
Paper, Paperhangings, &c Rubber and Rubber Manufac-	433,459	524,450	600,535	686,113	666,25		
tures	305,696	396,419	568,740	543,125	616,65		
Tea	420,720	503,152	517,172	527,618	519,04		
Oils	379,212	472,160	432,768	602,593	486,35		
Tobacco, Cigars, and Cigarettes	261,344	312,699	369,191	424,172	398,75		
Gold—Bullion	407,260	411,976	541,268	338,796	238,74		
All Other Articles	7,442,041	9,114,435	9,456,132	11,418,961	11,647,06		
Total	16,531,981	20,002,606	21,850,963	25,081,074	24,387,07		
Exported from Victoria to							
Oversea Countries.							
Wool	7,004,623	7,190,789	6,255,599	6,990,918	6,282,29		
Wheat and Flour	3,440,777	3,701,039	4,221,961	2,436,654	2,763,87		
Skins and Hides	1,088,384	1,296,516	1,089,451	1,329,400	1,688,40		
Butter	1,100,459	1,780,044	2,361,587	1,545,771	1,681,98		
Meat	513,866	912,192	996,388	935,293	1,634,80		
Gold-Specie	2,037,927	428,264	1,084,479	3,155,987	611,02		
Tallow	214,080	378,924	480,256	324,497	371,31		
Tin Ingots	249,669	241,896	338,982	346,118	282,81		
All Other Articles	190,909 2,002,182	177,976 2,080,596	151,552 1,935,461	253,914 1,794,569	227,49 2,291,37		
	2,002,102	2,000,000	1,000,401	1,.34,000	2,201,01		
Total	17,842,876	18,188,236	18,915,716	19,113,121	17,835,39		

It is worthy of notice that, during the last five years, the larger portion of the oversea trade consisted of imports, also that these were composed mainly of manufactured goods, and contained a greater variety of articles than in the case of exports. The latter were accounted for almost entirely by a small number of agricultural, pastoral, or mineral products. The value of wool exported exceeded that of the four principal items included in the imports, while the value of the three leading articles exported almost equalled that of the thirteen leading articles imported. The varied nature of the imports is shown by the fact that the thirteen principal articles represented only 55 per cent. of the total value; in the case of the exports, on the other hand, 89 per cent. of the value came under nine headings.

Victorian trade with the United Kingdom has increased from £16,874,668 in 1908 to £23,655,301 in 1912, and amounted to £23,191,450 in 1913. The value of imports exceeded that of exports by £1,816,804 in 1908, by £5,608,615 in 1912, and by £5,000,792 in 1913. The principal articles imported from and exported to the United Kingdom in the last six years

were as follows ---

VALUE OF PRINCIPAL ARTICLES IMPORTED FROM AND EXPORTED TO THE UNITED KINGDOM, 1908 TO 1913.

D201 0101222 =							
Articles.		Value.					
Imported into Victoria from United Kingdom.	1908.	1909.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	
Piece Goods—	£	£	£	£ 1,511,023	£ 1,517,049	£ 1,478,876	
Cotton and Linen	1,064,356	1,248,104	1,424,097		826,701	715,566	
Woollen	665,632	643,832	724,447	791,258	427,864	346,383	
Velvets, &c	358,984	448,431	459,633	352,376 323,193	299,954	292,338	
Silk	295,572	293,066	323,947			925,224	
Iron and Steel	524,988	606,430	770,696	800,117	885,441		
Apparel and Attire	464,917	494,324	581,195	651,798	880,066	827,118	
Machines, Tools, and Im-		****	041 400	600 147	912,090	751,667	
plements	451,195	550,399	641,408	688,147			
Vessels (Ships)	460,000	264,000	310,500	10,000	245,210	705,000	
Vehicles and Parts	197,352	234,833	266,537	306,493	460,073	457,529	
Paper, Paperhangings, &c.	260,404	277,096	326,348	339,937	354,795	396,333	
Books	174,746	205,041	208,635	251,904	267,200	229,853	
All other Articles	4,427,590	4,680,533	5.610,717	6,475,988	7,555,515	6,970,234	
Total	9,345,736	9,946,089	11,648,160	12,502,234	14,631,958	14,096,121	
Exported from Victoria to United Kingdom.							
Wool ,.	3,269,901	2,905,230	3,365,410	3,261,235	3,573,697	2,701,688	
Butter	868,068	936,675	1,595,268	2,178,650	1,360,978	1,520,499	
Meat, Frozen-	" "						
Beef. Mutton and Lamb	407,078	414,443	796 255	815,147	781,126	1,387,961	
Rabbits and Hares	82,335	80,729	67,921	65,351	55,626	104,723	
Wheat and Flour	533,332	2,547,669	2,424,848	2,137,643	1 220,403	1,291,836	
Hides and Skins	407,405	553,529	568,619	442,005	574,036	622,899	
Tin Ingots	294,358	238,184	219.162	294,363	286,154	186,478	
Tallow	104,555	174,096	286,850	318,730	190,428	172,547	
Leather	147,111	130,566	92,704	84,782	169,138	157,068	
Gold (Bullion and Specie)	811,160	213,020	34,098	313,372	342,011	58,000	
Copper	189,991	250,882	285,320	48,299	160		
All other Articles	413,638	426,138	523,264	547,448	469,586	891,630	
Total	7,528,932	8,871,161	10,259,719	10,507,025	9,023,343	9,095,329	

Imports from the United Kingdom are chiefly made up of manufactures, while exports thereto from Victoria consist almost entirely of agricultural, pastoral, and mineral products. It will be observed in the figures for 1913 that, of the imports, piece goods and apparel and attire represent 26 per cent. of the total, also that, of the exports, wool is responsible for 30 per cent., and if to its value be added that of butter, frozen meat, and wheaten flour. 77 per cent. of the total is accounted for.

In 1913 the value of exports to New Zealand was about 8 per cent. more, and that of imports therefrom was nearly 4 per cent. less, than in 1908. In the latter up to 1913 there was an annual increase over the period, whilst in the former a substantial increase was recorded in 1909, the figures for which have not been reached since. The principal articles imported and exported during the last six years were as follows:—

VALUE OF PRINCIPAL ARTICLES IMPORTED FROM AND EXPORTED TO NEW ZEALAND, 1908 TO 1913.

Articles.		ı	1000 10 1919.								
Articles	Articles.			Value.							
Imported into Vict New Zealan	oria from d.	1908.	1909.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.				
Gold—Bullion Timber Skins and Hides Flax and Hemp Animals (horses, cattle, sl Fish Seeds Machines, Tools, and Imp Books Meat, preserved in tins All other Articles Total	••	160,142 105,080	134,093	£ 411,052 151,631 99,847 57,717 91,482 17,150 18,667 6,226 3,931 2,142 65,974	£ 541,132 173,828 68,248 17,965 71,190 21,679 9,254 6,220 5,390 1,577 62,194 978,677	\$38,500 202,922 48,515 32,116 30,908 23,159 20,526 10,722 2,951 7,421 282,218	£ 238,613 160,720 76,485 62,531 30,567 17,254 12,582 4,236 3,545 1,251 164,410				
Exported from Vic New Zealand	toria to		001,010	020,015	310,011	999,998	772,194				
Gold—Specie Rubber manufactures Tobacco, manufactured Manures Books Machinery Tea Rice and Rice Meal Leather Fruits—Dried All other Articles		50,000 40,833 65,699 22,687 22,802 34,097 22,194 14,350 25,429 8,925 466,541	600,000 38,396 69,435 14,915 24,396 35,692 18,745 11,119 22,900 1,418 289,791	306,108 60,626 64,058 19,542 26,846 37,579 38,912 11,517 26,938 4,725 348,168	100,000 91,181 65,425 27,798 36,964 31,575 42,850 19,565 24,375 5,321 359,975	150,000 61,386 75,291 30,881 44,267 35,728 38,532 17,876 19,475 17,059 291,228	250,000 71,846 66,652 42,265 33,711 27,527 27,289 18,673 15,058 7,775 273,558				
Total	••	773,557	1,117,807	945,019	805,029	781,723	834,354				

In 1913 the imports from New Zealand were less than the exports thereto by $7\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. Leaving gold out of consideration, it will be observed that the articles imported are not very numerous, as, in 1913

the items specified accounted for about 69 per cent. of the total, whilst the varied character of the exports is evidenced by the fact that over the six years the nine leading items made up only 47 per cent. of the total.

Trade with India (including Burmah) and Ceylon, which amounted to 4 per cent. of the Victorian oversea trade in 1913, was greater by £312,774 than in 1908, the value of the imports being more by £549,719, but that of the exports less by £236,945. The principal articles interchanged during the last six years were as follows:—

VALUE OF PRINCIPAL ARTICLES IMPORTED FROM AND EXPORTED TO INDIA AND CEYLON, 1908 TO 1913.

Articles.		Value.						
Imported into Victoria from India and Ceylon.	1908.	1909.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.		
Bags and Sacks	£ 336,739 313,122	£ 414,848 363,165	£ 600,472 422,943	£ 405,166 400,641	£ 264,596 443,239	£ 588,270 451,389		
Tea Rice	48,761 53,370	49,544 46,159	55,578 56,332	67,854 50,847	118,629 63,476	89,245 87,520		
factures Pig Iron Coffee	5,143 7,288 10,677	2,336 6,675 16,886	19,473 13,927 17,606 10,589	10,618 20,229 22,087 11,301	43,539 20,264 27,227 12,412	66,904 24,155 22,904 14,509		
Nuts Cotton (raw) Skins All other Articles	3,428 8,458 39,996 82,357	6,801 8,425 25,619 86,705	21,476 64,126 127,163	14,563 10,628 114,720	11,680 20,543 99,283	9,813 7,506 96,843		
Total	909,339	1,027,163	1,409,685	1,128,654	1,124,888	1,459,058		
Exported from Victoria to India and Ceylon.								
Gold (Bullion and Specie) Horses Wool Wheat and Flour Hay and Chaff Soap Biscuits Butter Oats Tallow All other Articles	372,889 63,156 21,600 56,019 4,647 7,562 5,097 5,366 2,595 3,384 25,200	399,602 60,171 15,915 17,761 4,562 6,890 6,195 4,705 5,392 2,897 31,519	162,601 80,880 21,693 9,888 8,644 7,800 6,475 6,307 5,890 3,367 30,922	611,792 67,764 20,797 11,683 10,606 8,969 6,179 6,531 5,952 3,200 48,782	2,299,703 57,681 16,463 20,234 15,003 8,815 6,084 7,169 1,309 2,459 41,223	144,08' 37,76' 23,88' 19,69' 14,33' 11,70' 7,90' 6,83' 6,39' 3,55' 54,40'		
Total	567,515	555.609	344,467	802,255	2,476,143	330,57		

The import trade from India and Cevlon is largely made up of jute goods, tea, and rice, whose value in 1913 formed over 83 per cent. of the total. In return gold was the leading item of exchange, outside of which the export trade in horses was the only business of importance, all other exports in 1913 being responsible for only 45 per cent. of the total.

Trade with Belgium. Imports from Belgium have increased by 84 per cent. in the last six years, and exports thereto by 53 per cent. in the same period. That country accounted for about 3 per cent. of Victoria's oversea trade in each of the years 1908 and 1913. The principal articles of trade with Belgium in the last six years were as follows:—

VALUE OF PRINCIPAL ARTICLES IMPORTED FROM AND EXPORTED TO BELGIUM, 1908 TO 1913.

In each of the last six years exports to Belgium exceeded imports therefrom. In exports the principal articles in 1913 were wool and hides and skins, together representing 87 per cent. of the total; if to these be added the other five articles specified in the above table, less than 2 per cent. is unaccounted for.

With France, the principal trade is in exports, which in 1913 amounted to £2,563,201, as against imports of £215,475. The increase in the total trade in the last six years was £1,010,617, viz., exports £973,773, and imports £36,844. The principal

articles imported from and exported to France in the years 1908 to 1913 were as follows:—

VALUE OF PRINCIPAL ARTICLES IMPORTED FROM AND EXPORTED TO FRANCE, 1908 TO 1913.

Articles.			Value.			-
Imported into Victoria from France.	1908.	1909.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.
Cream of Tartar Piece Goods Wine Rubber Manufactures Vehicles, and parts Cameos and Precious Stones Gelatine, &c Corks, Cork Mats, &c All other Articles	£ 48,668 10,218 6,660 1,960 2,860 3,953 2,100 7,639 14,437 80,136	£ 41,778 11,443 2,957 615 2,116 17.707 2,278 6,090 6,162 61,295	£ 33,314 15,504 12,817 • 2,171 22,524 3,183 • 6,034 5,201 4,961 78,508	£ 50,002 28,935 11,874 3,554 26,117 9,774 5,589 6,965 9,691 97,910	£ 51,328 34,867 10,538 4,753 10,911 7,108 4,102 4,698 3,562 94,476	£ 47,463 34,330 17,021 15,899 9,678 5,128 4,040 3,148 1,822 76,946
Exported from Victoria to France. Wool Hides and Skins Wheat Tallow Horns All other Articles	1,330,715 246,898 4,103 4,366 827 2,519	1,683,732 243,352 5,040 10,385 1,093 10,946	1,967,053 397,204 49,075 24,074 255 3,841	1,465,492 390,989 499,428 38,822 995 12,252	1,668,081 437,967 1,197 24,955 272 4,426	1,792,625 675,689 43,545 40,122 611 10,609
Total	1,589,428	1,954,548	2,441,502	2,407,978	2,136,898	2,563,20

Imports direct from France, of which more than one-fifth consisted of cream of tartar, did not in 1913 indicate the extent to which articles produced in France were received in Victoria, as it is shown on page 239 that goods of French origin to the extent of £879,718 were imported in that year. The value of exports was practically covered by that of wool and hides and skins, as all other items accounted for less than 4 per cent. of the total.

Trade with Germany amounted to £3,321,138 in 1908, and £2,768,111 in 1913, or to $10\frac{1}{2}$ and $6\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. respectively of the total with oversea countries. The imports for 1913 were worth £433,076 more, but the exports £986,103 less, than in 1908, though if gold be excluded the exports would show an

VALUE OF PRINCIPAL ARTICLES IMPORTED FROM AND EXPORTED TO GERMANY, 1908 TO 1913.

Articles.		*	Valu	9.		
Imported into Victoria from Germany.	1908.	1909.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.
Rubber and Rubber Manu	£	£	£		£	£
factures	57,777	95,373	60,279	110,029	109,123	147,570
Machines, Tools, and Im-	0.,	\$0,515	00,210	110,020	100,140	121,01
plements	89,810	70,191	84,557	127,718	123,100	127,78
Pianos	78,784	69,753	81,523	119,392	140,602	110,65
Apparel and Attire	46,009	62,059	74,351	82,381	95,703	98,35
Wire and Wire Netting	131,718	112,284	136,739	125.627	97,436	98,08
Piece Goods	68,819	53,956	65,851	60,900	80,85	76,35
Paper, Paperhangings, &c.	110,103	56,024	77,494	91,416	83,719	66,60
Vehicles and parts	27,557	23,777	16,523	24,533	60,972	82,38
Glass and Glassware	34,673	26,758	33,523	39,973	58,259	58,74
Iron and Steel	24,213	31,662	61,167	39,174	78,205	48,26
All other Articles	636,139	603,522	646,605	810,312	950,073	823,84
Total	1,305,602	1,205,359	1,338,612	1,631,455	1,878,043	1,738,67
Exported from Victoria						
to Germany.				11	ĺ	
To dermany.						4.74
Wool	533,050	792,840	952,760	688,166	934,723	716,12
Tin Ingots	1,250		5,542	10,842	33,397	79,65
Apples—Fresh	9,630	17,405	14,080	17,213	28,149	63,54
Wheat		9,003	39,089	11,931	16,873	39,94
Ores,	2,958	1,436	3,770	3,072	16,146	36,81
Sausage Casings	11,698	10,596	12,431	13,400	15,170	14,47
Hides and Skins	31,961	17,733	9,908	7,711	4,465	11,46
Tallow	59	940	11,100	15,803	3,282	6,47
Gold—Specie	1,410,000				200,000	
All other Articles	14,930	22,508	22,711	33,164	35,335	60,92
Total	2,015,536	872,461	1,071,391	801,302	1,287,540	1,029,48

The articles imported from Germany are very varied in character, as may be seen from the fact that only half their total value is accounted for in the ten leading items shown above. In exchange for the imports, 59 per cent. of their value was returned in merchandise in 1913. Of the exports for that year 70 per cent. consisted of wool.

Trade with the United States in 1913 amounted to United States. £3,213,358, of which £2,580,362 represented imports. As compared with the year 1908, this trade had increased by £555,901, there having been a growth of £498,768 in imports and of £57,133 in exports. The exports in 1913 were worth 46 per cent. less than in 1909, but 91 per cent. more than in 1912, the reduction

since 1909 being due principally to a shrinkage in exports of wool. The principal articles included in the trade with the United States in the last six years were as follows:—

VALUE OF PRINCIPAL ARTICLES IMPORTED FROM AND EXPORTED TO THE UNITED STATES, 1908 TO 1913.

ARTICLES.			Value.		•	
Y			7 (·	
Imported into Victoria from the United States.	1908.	1909.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.
nom the chica beates.						

•	£	£	£	£	£	£
Machines, Tools, and Im-	316,072	275,114	386,178	477,271	494,569	505,743
plements	292,139	141,269	249,808	325,668	326,885	321,429
Tobacco, Cigars, and	202,100	141,200	240,000	020,000	020,000	021,420
Cigarettes	190,792	140,945	249,345	286,783	220,255	230,504
Oil	202,342	226,155	301,867	207,004	335,901	228,975
Iron and Steel	58,801	51,422	76,225	115,671	163,042	161,038
Leather	50,045	54,319	30,207	50,396	75,927	124,232
Vehicles, and parts	31,533	24,166	47,702	85,905	147,943	116,658
Wire and Wire Netting	78,440	51,923	52,978	89,781	96,724	74,534
Piece Goods	25,445 96,685	18,736 51,054	27,554 56,530	65,981 43,592	66,370 74,393	36,993 33,962
Paper, Paperhangings, &c.	109,368	53,203	129,530	139,686	41.828	2,760
Rails, Fishplates, &c All other Articles	629,932	468,691	603,593	704,294	869,504	743,534
All other Articles						
Total	2,081,594	1,556,997	2,211,517	2,592,032	2,913,341	2,580,362
	1			l		
	1	ł	4.1			
Exported from Victoria to	1					
the United States.				A		
				4.0		
		2		-	ì	1.
				•		ŀ
Wool	496,739	1,103,807	391,985	362,072	260,318	500,202
Hides and Skins	41,025	57.867	63,719	35,687	60,891	89,530
Eucalyptus Oil	1,102	1,747	1.986	3,926	1,060	4,993
Leather	1,555	1,762	3,208	3,601	2,064	1,194
Copper in matte	21,264		535	,,		
Silver in matte	3,895	••	61			
Gold in matte	4,138		54			
All other Articles	6,145	4,579	11,919	6,874	6,926	37,077
Total	575,863	1,169,762	473,467	412,160	331,259	632,996

The imports from the United States cover a wide range of articles, as after the four leading items, which account for 50 per cent., the next largest seven are responsible for only 21 per cent. of the total, and 29 per cent. of the whole is made up of articles of much smaller value. The exports to that country in 1913 were equivalent to less than one-fourth of the imports, and consisted principally of wool, which accounted for 79 per cent. of the total.

Origin of more represent the value of the produce of such countries received by Victoria. In the next table the country of shipment is contrasted with the country of origin of the oversea imports for 1913.

OVERSEA IMPORTS, 1913—COUNTRY OF SHIPMENT AND COUNTRY OF ORIGIN.

	Value of Ove	rsea Imports.	Percentage of C	versea Import
Country.				
•	Imported from	Produced in	Imported from	Produced in
7, 7 \$	each Country.	each Country.	each Country.	each Country
	4			
	£	£	1	·
~ •		000 00	1.10	7.907
Canada	289,586	338,297	1.187	1 387
Ceylon	378,207	379,405	1.551	1 556
<u>Fiji</u>	166,903	165,788	684	680
Hong Kong	133,519	1,860	.548	.008
India (including Burmah)	1,080,851	1,093,371	4.432	4 · 483
Mauritius	117,314	117,318	.481	481
New Zealand	772,194	657,264	3.166	2.695
Ocean Island	170,735	170,647	700	.700
South African Union	43,631	41,713	.179	·171
Straits Settlements	132,642	142,987	·544	586
United Kingdom	14,096,121	11,592,734	57.802	47 536
Other British Countries	8,412	56,192	.034	230
Austria-Hungary	.38,145	127,961	·156	• 525
Belgium	683,083	362,951	2.801	1.488
Brazil	400	69,497	.002	285
China	24,808	163,568	·102	·671
France	215,475	879,718	·884	3.608
Germany	1,738,678	2,498,961	7 129	10.247
Holland (Netherlands)	96,668	135,561	396	.556
Italy	128,951	249,644	-529	1.024
Japan	328,127	331,692	1 · 345	1.360
Java	230,826	233,751	.947	.958
Norway	357,740	392,635	1.467	1.610
Peru	65,130	88,783	·267	· 364
Philippine Islands	41,281	44,128	169	.181
n "" 1	5,847	55,510	024	228
D	649	70.132	003	.288
N. 1	43,036	43,804	177	.180
0 - 41 O - T-1 I-	40.525	40,699	166	.167
O	2.667	37,240	.011	152
O	105,244	105,847	•432	•434
	191,787	229,791	.786	.942
Sweden	2,680	434,941	.011	1.783
Switzerland	2,580,362	2,854,023	10.581	11.703
United States		178,660	307	·733
Other Foreign Countries	74,849	170,000	307	100
(P-4-1	04 207 079	04 907 079	100.000	100.000
Total ·	24,387,073	24,387,073	100.000	TAN AND

Australian produce exported.

An examination of the various articles of Australian produce exported from Victoria to oversea countries reveals the fact that about 89 per cent. of the total is covered by the eight articles specified below —

PRINCIPAL ARTICLES OF AUSTRALIAN PRODUCE EXPORTED FROM VICTORIA TO OVERSEA COUNTRIES, 1909 TO 1913.

dwa milin da		1		1	
Principal Articles.	1909.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				ļ -	
Gold (Bullion, Ore an		£	£	£	£
Specie)	1,937,829	264,614	638,308	2,880,010	624,264
Butter	1,100,459	1,780,044	2,361,587	1,545,771	1,681,987
Flour	642,508	609,960	629,427	600,267	710,416
Wheat	. 2,798,269	3,091,079	3,592,534	1,836,387	2,053,454
Meat, Frozen—					
Mutton and Lamb .	402,376	760,575	798,508	762,344	1,296,741
Other	100,651	127,426	142,898	126,953	268,320
Skins and Hides .	. 1,088,271	1,296,421	1,089,258	1,328,817	1,685,700
Tallow	. 214,080	378,924	480,256	324,497	371,316
Wool	. 7,004,623	7,190,789	6,255,599	6,990,918	6,282,291
All other articles	1,792,923	1,888,876	1,947,642	1,970,128	1,775,789
TOTAL	17,081,989	17,388,708	17,936,017	18,366,092	16,750,278
Per Head of Population	£ s. d. 13 6 9	£ s. d.	£ s. d. 13 11 6	£ s. d. 13 11 3	£ s. d. 12 0 11
Percentage of Tota Exports	l . 95 74	95 · 60	94 82	96 09	93 92

Those articles of Australian produce exported oversea which are not specified in the above table, but are grouped under the heading "All other Articles," represent only $10\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. of the total merchandise in 1909. 11 per cent. in 1910 and in 1911, $10\frac{3}{2}$ per cent. in 1912, and 11 per cent. in 1913. The most conspicuous variations in 1913, as compared with 1912, occur in the cases of gold, wool, frozen meats, and skins and hides, in the first two of which there are decreases of £2,255,746 and £708,627 respectively, and in the other two, increases of £675,764 and £356,883 respectively.

Distribution of Australian produce.

The subjoined table shows the destination under general headings of Australian produce exported from Victoria in each of the past five years:—

EXPORTS OF AUSTRALIAN PRODUCE, 1909 TO 1913.

Destination.	1909.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.
	£	£	£	£	£
Australian States	9,067,782	*	*	*	*
United Kingdom	8,800,572	10,092,947	10,222,247	8,864,218	8,606,317
Other British Pos-	1,892,028	1,550,563	1,906,761	3,582,434	1,637,256
sessions Foreign Countries	6,389,389	5,745,198	5,807,009	5,919,440	6,506,705
Total	26,149,771	17,388,708†	17,936,017†	18,366,092+	16,750,278+

^{*} No record.

Of the Australian produce exported in 1909, 35 per cent. was sent to the sister States, 34 per cent. to the United Kingdom, 7 per cent. to "Other British Possessions," and 24 per cent. to foreign countries.

Trade between Australian States.

The following statement illustrates the development of Inter-State trade in each of the Australian States between the time of Federation and nine years after:—

TRADE BETWEEN AUSTRALIAN STATES, 1900 AND 1909.

	Value of Trade with Other States.								
State.		1900.		*,	1909.				
	Imports.	Exports.	Excess of Imports (+) Exports (-)	Imports.	Exports.	Excess of Imports (+) Exports (-)			
Victoria	£ 6,364,167	£ 5,257,188	+1,106,979	£ 11,618,217	£ 12,053,399	£ -435,182			
New South Wales	10,164,080	9,979,214	+184,866	17,146,943	15,792,608	+1,354,335			
Queensland	3,067,278	5,412,881	-2,345,603	5,594,309	8,982,846	-3,388,537			
South Australia	4,225,870	4,018,678	+207,192	6,239,257	4,177,986	+2,061,271			
Western Australia	2,675,156	1,125,031	+1,550,125	3,084,578	2,060,537	+1,024,041			
Tasmania	1,372,552	1,071,829	+300,723	2,387,854	3,003,782	-615,928			

[†] Exclusive of exports to Australian States.

The Victorian export trade grew from £5,257,188 in 1900 to £12,053,399 in 1909, there being thus an increase in the nine years of £6,796,211, or 129 per cent. In New South Wales, Queensland, South Australia, Western Australia, and Tasmania, exports showed increases of 58 per cent., 66 per cent., 4 per cent., 83 per cent., and 180 per cent. respectively. The import trade of Victoria increased during the same period by 83 per cent., as compared with increases of 69 per cent. in New South Wales, 82 per cent. in Queensland, 48 per cent. in South Australia, 15 per cent. in Western Australia, and 74 per cent. in Tasmania. The growth of exports exceeded that of imports by £1,542,161 in Victoria, by £1,042,934 in Queensland, by £526,084 in Western Australia, and by £916,651 in Tasmania; whereas the growth of imports exceeded that of exports by £1,169,469 in New South Wales, and by £1,854,079 in South Australia.

Net revenue of Customs and Gustoms Department.

The following are the net amounts of Customs and Excise duty collected in Victoria in each of the last five years, the principal items being shown separately:—

REVENUE OF CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT, 1908-9 TO 1912-13.

Heads of Revenue.	1908-9.	1909-10.	1910-11.	1911-12.	1912-13
Import Duty—	£	£	£	£	£
Narcotics Sugar	552,780 253,229 36,886	549,828 266,715 47,005	615,332 440,328 45,351	647,474 434,913 21,821	655,313 459,874 397,189
All other Articles .	1,353,676	1,495,213	2,086,343	2,456,694	2,569,625
Total	2,196,571	2,358,761	3,187,354	3,560,902	4,082,001
Excise Duty—					
Spirits Beer Tobacco Sugar	. 181,303 . 169,842	84,139 189,868 175,156 229,981	101,587 208,254 249,104 270,656	110,171 227,398 260,880 291,960	111,812 229,108 254,869 57,703
Starch Agricultural machi	-	895			
nery Total					
		680,039	829,601	890,409	653,492
Miscellaneous		<u>€</u> 10,211	13,215	11,122	14,645
Grand Total	. 2,861,968	3,049,011	4,030,170	4,462,433	4,750,138

These figures have been furnished by the Customs Department, and the discrepancies between the totals for 1910-11, 1911-12, and 1912-13 in the above table and those given in part "Finance" of the Year-Book are due to refunds recorded at the Treasury but not at the Customs House. The item "Miscellaneous" in the above table is distributed between Customs and Excise duties in part "Finance."

The amounts given for the first two years are net, after making inter-state adjustments and deducting drawbacks and refunds; but those for the last three years have been reduced by drawbacks and refunds only. No record has been kept since 1st July, 1910, of goods which, being imported into or manufactured in the State, afterwards passed into another State for consumption, and consequently no adjustment of duties paid has been possible between the States concerned. The net debit against Victoria on this account a mounted to £564,746 for the financial year 1909–10, so that the total duties shown for each subsequent year may be assumed to be overstated to at least that extent.

Drawback is a refund of the duty paid on imported goods which are subsequently exported. It is allowed not only on goods exported in the same condition as when imported, but also upon imported goods which have been subjected to some process of manufacture in Victoria. The following are the figures for the last ten years:—

REFUND OF DUTY ON EXPORTS (DRAWBACK), 1904 TO 1913.

				Year.				Amount Paid as Drawback.
								£
	1904			•••	•••			18,840
	1905	•••						20,275
	1906							15,962
	1907					•••		15,103
	1908			•••	• • •	•••		25,920
	1909	•••		• • •		•••		21,873
_	1910		•••				•••	23,295
	1911							21,955
	1912	•••				•••		21,670
	1913		• • •			•••	•••	24,343

From 1872, when the system of allowing drawback was first introduced, to the end of 1913, the total amount of duty repaid as drawback was £3,094,030. The goods on which drawback is allowed are included in the general exports.

INTER-STATE COMMISSION.

The Inter-State Commission is a body incorporated under the terms of Act No. 33 of 1912 of the Commonwealth of Australia. The members of the Commission, of whom there are three, were appointed on 5th August, 1913.

The Commission is charged with the duty of investigating all matters which, in the opinion of the Commission, ought, in the public interest, to be investigated affecting—

- (a) the production of, and trade in, commodities;
- (b) the encouragement, improvement, and extension of Australian industries and manufactures;
- (c) markets outside Australia, and the opening up of external trade generally;
- (d) the effect and operation of any Tariff Act or other legislation of the Commonwealth in regard to revenues, Australian manufactures, and industry, and trade generally;
- (e) prices of commodities;
- (f) profits of trade and manufacture;
- (g) wages and social and industrial conditions;
- (h) labour, employment and unemployment;
- (i) bounties paid by foreign countries to encourage shipping or export trade;
- (j) population;
- (k) immigration; and
- (1) other matters referred to the Commission by either House of the Parliament, by resolution, for investigation.

Further, the Commission may investigate all matters affecting—

- (a) the extent of diversions or proposed diversions, or works or proposed works for diversions, from any river and its tributaries, and their effect or probable effect on the navigability of rivers that, by themselves or by their connexion with other waters, constitute highways for Inter-State trade and commerce;
- (b) the maintenance and the improvement of the navigability of such rivers;
- (c) the abridgment by the Commonwealth by any law or regulation of trade or commerce of the rights of any State or the residents therein to the reasonable use of the waters of rivers for conservation or irrigation;
- (d) the violation by any State, or by the people of any State, of the rights of any other State, or the people of any other State, with respect to the waters of rivers.

The Act requires that all rates fixed or made by any common carrier for any service rendered in respect of Inter-State commerce, or which affect Inter-State commerce, shall be reasonable and just, and prohibits all such rates which are unreasonable or unjust, and all undue preferences upon State railways in respect of Inter-State commerce.

SHIPPING.

Victorian shipping as dealt with in the succeeding tables refers to vessels trading with other States and oversea countries. Vessels trading on the Victorian coast and on the River Murray have not been taken into consideration, although in the particulars of the shipping of the port of Melbourne given on page 248 post, shipping trading on the Victorian coast is included. The number of vessels entered and cleared, their total tonnage, and the number of men forming their crews in each of the last five years were as follows:—

SHIPPING INWARD AND OUTWARD, 1909 TO 1913.

	1909.	1910.	1911	1912.	1913.
Vessels Entered— Number Tons Average tonnage Crews	2,174 4,506,973 2,073 137,128	2,308 4,952,273 2,146 145,845	2,335 5,148,184 2,205 153,184	$\begin{array}{c} 2,399 \\ 5,426,146 \\ 2,262 \\ 163,055 \end{array}$	2,481 5,950,035 2,398 176,844
Vessels Cleared— Number Tons Average tonnage Crews	2,157 4,514,298 2,093 136,833	2,312 4,954,773 2,143 145,567	2,347 5,156,952 2,197 152,683	2,385 5,410,801 2,269 161,611	2,469 5,902,277 2,391 175,704

The vessels entered from inter-state and oversea ports during 1913 were greater in number than in any other year except 1853 and 1854. It is to the tonnage, not the number of vessels, however, that we must look for an indication of the increase or decrease in shipping. The aggregate net tonnage for 1913 was greater than that of any previous year, and exceeded that of 1912, the next in volume, by 523,889 tons. The departures to inter-state and oversea ports in 1913 exceeded the departures in any other year except 1854, and represented an increase over the previous year of 84 vessels, and of 491,476 in the aggregate net tonnage. In 1913 steamers numbered 2,308 of the vessels entered, and 2,296 of the vessels cleared, their tonnage aggregating 5,859,198 and 5,813,087 respectively.

The inward shipping of 1913 included 46 vessels in ballast, of an aggregate tonnage of 96,792, whilst the outward shipping included 362 vessels in ballast, having an aggregate tonnage of 515,189.

Shipping with principal countries. The more important of the countries having shipping communication with Victoria in 1913 are set out in the following statement:—

SHIPPING WITH PRINCIPAL COUNTRIES, 1913.

Countries.		En	TERED.	CLEARED.		
		Vessels.	Tonnage.	Vessels.	Tonnage.	
Australian States United Kingdom New Zealand Other British		1,783 220 93 103	3,509,138 1,154,434 189,328 251,852	1,934 202 103 80	3,897,363 1,005,003 335,487 182,243	
Total British	Countries	2,199	5,104,752	2,319	5,420,096	
France Germany United States Other Foreign		15 82 66 119	43,291 297,516 200,892 303,584	21 55 2 72	66,801 206,649 6,921 201,810	
Total Foreign	Countries	282	845,283	150	482,181	
Total		2,481	5,950,035	2,469	5,902,277	

Nationality of vessels entered and cleared at Victorian ports in each of the years 1909 to 1913 was as shown hereunder:—

NATIONALITY OF VESSELS ENTERED AND CLEARED, 1909 TO 1913.

					1910.					
	N	UMBER O	VESSELS.		TONNAGE OF VESSELS.					
Year.	Australian.	Other British.	Foreign.	Total.	Australian.	Other British.	Foreign	Total.		
					Entered.					
1909 1910 1911 1912 1913	1,249 1,327 1,347 1,372 1,444	682 746 724 749 741	243 235 264 278 296	2,174 2,308 2,335 2,399 2,481	1,679,938 1,765,041 1,855,341 1,880,992 2,278,624 Cleared.	2,156,974 2,504,249 2,534,846 2,713,182 2,757,350	670,061 682,983 757,997 831,972 914,061	4,506,973 4,952,273 5,148,184 5,426,146 5,950.035		
1909 1910 1911 1912 1913	1,245 1,327 1,351 1,356 1,447	673 752 729 752 731	239 233 267 277 291	2,157 2,312 2,347 2,385 2,469	1,695,525 1,772,253 1,852,717 1,866,304 2,276,338	2,152,599 2,501,349 2,544,239 2,720,180 2,722,324	666,174 681,171 759,996 824,317 903,615	4,514,298 4,954,773 5,156,952 5,410,801 5,902,277		

The proportions of the shipping of each nationality as tabulated, to the total entered and cleared for the respective years in their proper sequence from 1909 to 1913 are, Australian vessels, 58, 58, 58, 57, 58 per cent., Australian tonnage, 37, 36, 36, 35, 39 per cent.; other British vessels 31, 32, 31, 31, 30 per cent.; other British tonnage 48, 50, 49, 50, 46 per cent.; foreign vessels, 11, 10, 11, 12, 12 per cent., and foreign tonnage 15, 14, 15, 15, 15 per cent.

In the next table further details of the nationality of the shipping for the year 1913 are given:—

NATIONALITY OF SHIPPING, 1913.

	Entere	ed.	Cleared.			
Nationality.	Vessels.	Tonnage.	Vessels.	Tonnage.		
British—						
Australian United Kingdom New Zealand South African	1,444 560 176 5	2,278,624 2,541,834 210,446 5,070	1,447 550 176 5	2,276,338 2,508,257 208,997 5,070		
Total British	2,185	5,035,974	2,178	4,998,662		
Foreign—			8	16,470		
Austro-Hungarian Belgian Danish Dutch French German	8 1 1 13 33 160	16,470 2,074 2,159 32,136 93,692 573,258 4,838	1 1 13 33 158 2	2,074 2,159 32,136 94,514 570,935 3,085		
Italian Japanese Norwegian Russian Swedish	25 34 6 12	81,342 67,438 9,962 30,692	24 34 6 11	77,960 66,52 9,74 28,01		
Total Foreign	296	914,061	291	903,61		
Total	2,481	5,950,035	2,469	5,902,2		

Vessels on Victorian register. The vessels on the Victorian register on 31st December, 1913, were as follows, the ports of registration and net tonnage being distinguished:—

VESSELS ON THE VICTORIAN REGISTER, 1913.

Port of Registration.			Stea	Steamers.		Vessels.	Total.			
1010011	egistratic		Number.	Net Tonnage.	Number.	Tonnage.	Number.	Net Tonnage.		
Melbourne Geelong Port Fairy	•••	•••	204 3 3	117,890 449 621	195 5 	31,449 360 	399 8 3	149,339 809 621		
Total			210	118,960	200	31,809	410	150,769		

During 1913 there were added to the register 12 steamers with net tonnage of 15,290, and 9 sailing vessels with a tonnage of 1,779; whilst 7 steamers having net tonnage of 16,118, and 26 sailing vessels having a tonnage of 13,381, were taken off the register.

Vessels on Australasian registers.

The following statement, compiled by the Marine Underwriters' and Salvage Association of Victoria, shows the number and net tonnage of vessels on the registers of all the Australian States and New Zealand on 30th June, 1913:—

VESSELS OWNED IN AUSTRALASIA, 1913.

						1010.		
States, &c.	ies &c		Steamers.		Vessels.	Total.		
		Number.	Net Tonnage.	Number.	Tonnage.	Number.	Net Tonnage.	
Victoria New South Wales Queensland South Australia Western Australia Tasmania	•••	192 548 98 116 44 59	115,536 91,670 14,977 58,969 20,480 8,373	209 592 199 214 405 159	33,041 45,403 8,981 18,477 11,378 7,963	401 1,140 297 330 449 218	148,577 137,073 23,958 77,446 31,858 16,336	
Total Australia	•••	1,057	310,005	1,778	125,243	2,835	435,248	
Fiji New Guinea New Zealand		8 283	725 121,857	$\begin{array}{c} 6\\3\\332\end{array}$	900 43 35,331	14 3 615	1,625 43 15 7 ,188	
Total		1,348	432,587	2,119	161,517	3,467	594,104	

Compared with 1912, vessels owned in Australia have increased by 17 in number and by 16,279 in tonnage.

PORT OF MELBOURNE.

The port of Melbourne is under the control of the Melbourne bourne Harbor Trust, which has 9 19 miles of wharfs, piers, and jetties in the River Yarra, Victoria Dock, and Hobson's Bay. The area of these wharfs is 45 acres 16 perches, of which 16 acres 2 roods are under sheds. According to a return prepared by the

Harbor Master the total number of vessels berthed within the port of Melbourne in 1913 comprised 4,284 steamers, 21 ships, 67 barques, 19 brigs, 179 schooners, 378 ketches, and 636 lighters, with registered tonnage aggregating 7,003,970. The tonnage of imports was 2,725,888, and that of exports 1,369,608. The floating plant of the Trust in commission includes 7 dredges, 1 steam tug, 9 steam hopper barges, 10 iron towing hopper barges, 2 steam launches, 2 motor launches, and 1 Lobnitz rock breaker. The material dredged and disposed of during 1913 amounted to 2,512,640 cubic yards, viz., 1,210,828 cubic yards from Hobson's Bay, and 1,301,812 cubic yards from the river Yarra and Victoria Dock. Since the establishment of the Trust, the river dredgings have amounted to 29,011,003, and the bay dredgings to 16,726,845 cubic yards, making a total of 45,737,848 cubic yards. the dredgings, 32,382,208 cubic yards were deposited in deep water, and 13,355,640 were landed and deposited for reclamation work. average cost of dredging, towing, and depositing in 1913 was 6.29d. per cubic yard.

Some idea of the relative importance of Melbourne and Principal ports Sydney, in comparison with the principal ports in the world, in the world. is obtainable from the following table:-

SHIPPING AT PRINCIPAL PORTS IN THE WORLD, 1912.†

		Entered.		Cleared.				
Ports.	Foreign or Oversea Trade.	Coasting Trade.	Total.	Foreign or Oversea Trade.	Coasting Trade.	Total.		
British.	Tonnage.	Tonnage.	Tonnage.	Tonnage.	Tonnage.	Tonnage.		
Melbourne Sydney Cardiff	2,370,410 3,265,282 6,236,944	3,768,156 5,228,777 4,811,931	6,138,566 8,494,059 11,048,875	* * 9,168,115	* 2,042,276	* * 11,210,391		
Liverpool (includ- ing Birkenhead) London Newcastle, and	7,253,016 10,800,716	3,337,275 5,761,278	10,590,291 16,561,994	7,446,873 8,748,008	4,232,074 7,865,067	11,678,947 16,613,075		
North and South Shields Southampton Colombo Singapore	6,421,195 5,217,992 7,348,900 8,223,272	4,259,547 1,469,857 *	10,680,742 6,687,849 *	7,632,672 4,651,179 7,347,144 8,220,974	3,285,398 1,524,371 *	10,918,070 6,175,550 *		
Victoria (Hong Kong)	10,805,536	*	. *	10,809,459	*	*		
Foreign.			-		•			
Antwerp‡ Hamburg Marseilles Rotterdam New York Rio de Janeiro Monte Video	13,233,677 11,830,949 8,051,321 10,624,499 13,428,950 5,212,713 8,244,375	* * * * *	* *	13,272,665 11,945,239 8,198,874 10,609,814 13,366,893 5,198,784 8,121,453	* * * * *	* * * * * *		

Not available.

^{*} Not available.

† The information for foreign ports relates to the year 1911.

‡ The figures relating to entrances and clearances at Belgian ports are stated in net tonnage, according to the system in force in that country, under which the deduction from the gross tonnage for the space occupied by the propelling power is less than that adopted in the United Kingdom. The recorded net tonnage of steamers is accordingly greater in the Belgian returns than that recorded for the same vessels when entering or clearing at ports in the United Kingdom.

Docks in Australasia.

The following particulars relating to the dry and floating docks in Australasia have been taken from Lloyd's Register:—

DOCKS IN AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND.

Port.		Description of Dock.	Extreme Length. Length on Bottom.	Breadth at Entrance	Height of Sill above Bottom of Dock,	Depth on Sill at High Water, Ordinary Spring Tides.
			ft. in.	ft. in.	ft. in.	ft. in.
Albany	W.A.	Small floating dock	$ \left\{ \begin{array}{ccc} 130 & 0 \\ 121 & 0 \end{array} \right. $	22 2	3 0	6 10
Brisbane	Q.	Government Dry Dock	431 6	53 0	3 2	19 0
Clarence River		Dry dock	110 0	42 0	3 0	8 6
Launceston	Tas.	Floating dry dock	160 0 (520 0	37 0 70 0	0 6	12 6
Melbourne	v.	Graving Dock	1 510 0	(top) 60 0	} 4 0	23 6
			(430 0	(bottom 64 0	{	
,,	"	" "	{420 0	(top) 52 0 (bottom)	4 0	23 6
ų	,,	Alfred Graving Dock	$\begin{cases} 470 & 0 \\ 459 & 0 \end{cases}$	80 0	2 6	26 0
**	,,	Floating Dry Dock	$ \begin{cases} 216 & 0 \\ 200 & 0 \end{cases} $	} 36 0	. 10	12 6
Sydney	N.S.W.	Mort's Graving Dock	$ \begin{cases} 640 & 0 \\ 640 & 0 \end{cases} $	} 69 O	4 6	18 0
,,	33	New Graving Dock	700 0	83 0 (top)	4 0	28 9
. ,,	,,	Floating Dock	$ \begin{cases} 320 & 0 \\ 317 & 0 \end{cases} $	} 44 0	••	
**	,,	19 29	$\begin{cases} 109 & 0 \\ 100 & 0 \end{cases}$	23 0 extreme	••	••
**	,,	Pontoon Floating Dock	195 0 (on blocks)	60 6 (inside		••
**	. "	Floating Dock	163 0	walls) 40 0		12 0
**	,,	Fitzroy Graving Dock	$\left\{ \begin{matrix} 477 & 0 \\ 463 & 0 \end{matrix} \right.$	} 59 0	1 4	21 6
"	,,	Sutherland Dock	$\left\{ \begin{matrix} 637 & 0 \\ 630 & 0 \end{matrix} \right.$	} 84 0	3 6	32 0
"	,,	Drake's Floating Dock	$\begin{cases} 150 & 0 \\ 150 & 0 \end{cases}$	} 40 0	5 0	8 0
Auckland	N.Z.	Graving Dock	$\left\{ \begin{matrix} 312 & 0 \\ 300 & 0 \end{matrix} \right.$	} 43 0	1 6	13 6
,,	"	Calliope Graving Dock	$\left\{ \begin{smallmatrix} 566 & 0 \\ 521 & 0 \end{smallmatrix} \right.$	}	1 7	33 0
Lyttelton	,,	Graving Dock	$\left\{ \begin{matrix} 481 & 6 \\ 450 & 0 \end{matrix} \right.$	} 62 0	2 0	23 0
Port Chalmers	,,	Dry Dock	$\left\{ \begin{matrix} 348 & 0 \\ 328 & 0 \end{matrix} \right.$	} 50 0	3 0	19 6
,,	"	,, ,,	500 0	70 0	3 0	22 0

LIGHTHOUSES

AND

LIGHTS.

of the light-

LIGHTHOUSES AND LIGHTS, 1913.

												5
Where situated.	Description.	Nature.	Power (Units of	in Light 1,000 C	thouse. andles.)	Colour.		Distance Visible.	Persons employed	Ordinary Expenditure during the Financial Year 1912–13.	Capital Cost.	rhouses
Cape Nelson Portiand Port Fairy Warnambool (upper light) (lower light) Cape Otway Split Point Point Lonsdale Queenscliff (high) (low) West Channel Pile Light South Channel (Eastern Light) Gellibrand Point (Pile Light) Cape Schanck Auxiliary Wilson West Channel (Eastern Light) Gellibrand Point (Pile Light) Cape Schanck Auxiliary Wilson's Promontory Cliffy Island Cape Everard Gabo Island	Dioptrie Dioptrie Dioptrie Catadioptrie Dioptrie Catadioptrie Dioptrie Catadioptrie Dioptrie Holophotal Catadioptrie	Fixed "Fixed and Flashing Fixed	24 72 22 22 24 24 44f. 48fd. 48fd. 30	Red. 31	Green	White* Red Green Red White Red White Red Red† White White and White Red and W "" Red and W "" Red and W ite White* White* White*	hite	Miles. 19 3 12 9 14 5 24 4 to 8 18 3 17 10 & 14 11 10 10 12 23 3 27 15 21 20	\\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\	£ 537 353 354 350 673 522 540 1,436 542 59 739 638 1,003 447 553 774	£ 16,178 2,573 3,857 7,917 10,367 11,838 4,113 19,071 9,456 5,005 19,278 24,433 13,225 21,785 22,631	e following return contains particulars of and lights on the Victorian coast.—
										1	1	the

<sup>Red sectors between the limits of white light and shore at either side.
† White sectors between the limits of red light and shore at either side.</sup>

POSTS, TELEGRAPHS AND TELEPHONES.

The Department of Posts and Telegraphs was transferred to the Federal Government by proclamation on 1st March, 1901.

Rates of postage in force within the Commonwealth and Papua are as follows:—

Letters	•••	•••		•••	•••	ld. per half ounce
Letter-cards					{	Single, 1d. each Reply, 1d. each half
200					_ ``` { J	Reply, ld. each half
Post-cards					į (Single, 1d. each
*			•••	•••		Single, 1d. each Reply, 1d. each half
Printed papers	(other	than new	spapers)			½d. per 2 ounces
Books printed	in Am	stralia	-Pupul			
Books printed	outsid	. Augtur	···	• • •		½d. per 8 ounces
Dooks printed	outsidi	e Austrai	121		•••	$\frac{1}{2}$ d. per 4 ounces
Magazines prin	ited an	d publish	ed in Aus	tralia	each	d. per 8 ounces
Magazines prin	ted and	publishe	d outside	Australi	a each	d. per 4 ounces
Commercial p	aners	natterne	gamplo	a and	mor	ya. per 1 ounces
chanding on	mporo,	Parocins	, sample	ь, апи	11161-	
chandise as	presern	oea		•••		1d. per 2 ounces
Newspapers pr	inted an	ıd publish	ed in Au	stralia		d. per 10 ounces
Newspapers p	inted a	nd publis	shed outs	ide Aust	ralia	d. per 4 ounces
mı .				IIII		acr. bor 4 ounces

The rate of postage on letters from the Commonwealth to the United Kingdom and the Oversea Dominions, British colonies and protectorates, is 1d. per half-ounce.

The ordinary rate for cabling to the United Kingdom is 3s. per word, and the deferred rate is 1s. 6d. per word. In January, 1913, the Pacific Cable Board instituted a tariff for weekend cable letters available to and from the United Kingdom with Australia and New Zealand. The rate is 9d. per word, with a minimum charge of 18s., plus inland telegraph charges when incurred. Messages may be lodged up to midnight on Saturday.

The post-offices in the State on 31st December, 1913, numbered 1,749, and in addition there were 883 receiving offices (principally loose-bags), 12 travelling offices, and 1,575 letter boxes. The postal and telegraphic staff numbered 4,486 persons, and there were in addition 4,964 non-official post masters, mail contractors, and casual employés employed part time only in the service. The postal routes in 1913 covered a distance of 15,630 miles, of which 3,608 were by railway, the distance traversed being 8,461,085 miles, including 4,410,788 railway miles. In the following table is shown the business done by the Postal Department in each of the last five years:—

POSTAL RETURNS, 1909 TO 1913.

									
· —	1909.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.				
Newspapers Packets Parcels	133 601 053		${36,125,728} \ {20,951,712}$	37,826,929 20,631,887	40,950,510 18,292,538				
Total .	184,084,835	197,224,176	216,889,686	234,812,442	266,885,30				

Registered letters and articles are included in this statement, and numbered 1,373,605 in 1913. The total number of letters, newspapers, packets, and parcels passing through the post-office in 1913 exceeded the number for 1912 by 14 per cent. A clear idea of the magnitude of the postal matter dealt with will be obtained when it is stated that in 1913 the letters posted and received represented 149 and the newspapers, packets, and parcels, 43 per head of the population.

The next table gives in three groups the destination of letters, newspapers, packets, and parcels posted, whether for delivery inland, in other States, or in countries outside the Commonwealth, and shows whence those received came, whether from other States or from outside countries.

POSTAL SERVICE—INLAND, INTER-STATE AND INTERNATIONAL: 1909 TO 1913.

11/ 11/11/11/11	LIOUM	. 1000			
Service.	1909.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.
LE	TERS AND P	OSTCARDS.			
Posted for delivery inland in other States ,, outside the States	107,177,515 9,679,546 3,160,464	$\begin{array}{c} 115,297,888 \\ 9,862,272 \\ 3,492,222 \end{array}$	13,636,148 5,179,176	129,610,388 15,177,996 6,780, 24 7	15,201,166 7,687,758
Total	120,017,525	128,652,382	139,893,445	151,568,631	175,624,977
Received from other States, ,, outside the States	9,467,320 4,116,208	10,166,441 4,664,368	13,248,800 5,949,756	15,220,243 8,799,931	
Total	13,583,528	14,830,809	19,198,556	24,020,174	31,123,339
	NEWSPA	PERS.			
Posted for delivery inland in other States outside the States	10,868,160 12,135,234 2,333,076	12,881,083 11,036,628 2,556,198	12,658,570 11,926,548 3,200,478	10,894,399 13,934,818 3,153,631	14,980,478 14,548,365 3,332,069
Total	25,336,470	26,473,909	27,785,596	27,982,848	32,860,912
Received from other States , , outside the States	3,430,794 3,527,163	3,477,307 5,097,664*	3,984,990 4,355,142	4,748,731 5,095,250	4,762,405 3,327,199
Total	6,957,957		8,340,132	9,844,081	8,089,604
	PACK	ETS.			
Posted for delivery inland in other States outside the States	11,111,471 2,565,516 980,376	12,214,311 2,848,168 1,194,054	13,577,951 2,659,704 1,213,746	13,084,847 2,577,753 1,400,431	11,725,748 3,095.332 1,149,648
Total	14,657,363	16,256,533	17,451,401	17,063,031	15,970,728
Received from other States	1 - 1	1,753,468 †	2,048,596 1,451,715	1,870,407 1,698,449	1,511,567 810,243
Total	2,911,456	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	3,500,311	3,568,856	2,321,810
	PARC	ELS.		<u>'</u>	<u> </u>
Posted for delivery inland in other States ,, ,, outside the State	365,228 142,648 19,245	156,501	169,352	421,342 184,457 21,248	213,047
Total	527,121	575,041	598,426	627,047	_
Received from other States , outside the States			82,678 39,141	90,678 47,096	
Total	. 93,418	107,065	121,819	137,774	148,662

Includes packets, no distinction having been made in the post-office between newspapers and packets from outside the Commonwealth for this year.
 Included with newspapers.

Dead letters in 1913 numbered 604,169, of which 34,808 were irregularly posted. These letters contained money amounting to £15,983, as well as other articles of value, and were disposed of as follows:—Returned to writers, 423,434; destroyed, 100,745; returned to other States or countries as unclaimed, 79,990. There were also 1,032,334 undelivered packets and newspapers, of which 195,417 were returned to the senders, 807,762 were destroyed, and 29,155 were returned to other States and countries. The large number of Electoral Referenda packets returned to the senders (81,000) is partly responsible for the inflation in the number of dead packets and newspapers dealt with in the year 1913.

There are 534 money order offices in the State, which, in 1913, issued 376,961 orders for £1,673,878. Of these 238,720 for £1,262,684 were inland, 42,171 for £208,004 inter-state, and 96,070 for £203,190 international orders. The orders paid in the same year numbered 408,988, and were for an aggregate amount of £1,922,665, the inland being 243,349 for £1,263,629, the inter-state 117,188 for £517,547, and the international 48,451 for £141,489. Inland postal notes paid totalled 2,272,001 for £849,013, Victorian notes paid in other States 623,704 for £215,334, and the notes of other States paid in Victoria 416,912 for £177,967. The following is a comparative statement of the business done since 1908:—

MONEY ORDERS AND POSTAL NOTES, 1909 TO 1913.

	1909.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.
Money Orders Issued-					
Number	245,911	262,925	279,622	316,538	376,961
Amount £	1,031,215	1,101,609	1,139,505	1,261,829	1,673,878
Money Orders Paid—			. ' '	·	,,
Number	324,240	332,522	338,384	355,540	408,988
Amount £	1,363,064	1,418,857	1,437,537	1,506,658	1,922,665
Postal Notes—	1				, ,
Victorian — Paid in			1	1	
Victoria £	702,642	739,754	770,740	811,606	849,013
Victorian — Paid in	1	,	, , ,	311,000	010,010
Other States £	124,354	138,674	164,301	181,540	215,334
Of Other States	7		-51,001	101,010	210,004
Paid in Victoria £	147,515	151,737	160,462	168,771	177,967

The value of money orders issued has increased year by year, the issues of 1913 exceeding those of 1912 by £412,049, and those of 1909 by £642,663. Of orders paid those of 1913 exceed those of 1912 by £416,007, and those of 1909 by £559,601.

The business in postal notes has increased considerably, the amount of Victorian notes paid within the State during 1913 being £146,371 in excess of the amount paid in 1909. The business with the other States exhibited great improvement during the period embraced in the table, Victorian notes paid in other States during 1913 showing an increase of £90,980 over 1909, and notes of other States paid in Victoria an increase of £30,452 for the same period.

There are 1,648 telegraph offices in the State, 461 of which are attached to the railway service. Of the mileage of line and wire, 4,256 miles of line carrying 14,063 miles of wire are controlled by the Postal Department, and 3,372 miles of line carrying 5,340 miles of wire by the Railway Department. The length of lines and wire open, and the number of telegrams sent from Victorian offices, and of those received from outside the State in each of the last five years, were as follows:—

TELEGRAPHS AND TELEGRAMS, 1909 TO 1913.

114111401623						
		1909.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.
Number of Offices Miles open— Line (poles) Wire	•••	1,258 7,161 16,386	1,374 7,182 16,405	1,455 7,273 17,403	1,538 7,455 18,649	1,648 7,628 19,403
Telegrams despatched— Inland Inter-State International Total		685,412 75,649		2,017,997 790,403 86,264 2,894,664	1,994,436 882,051 92,750 2,969,237	1,969,752 902,969 98,320 2,971,041
Telegrams received— Inter-State International		779,603 73,645		923,911 84,129	950,015 89,709	1,006,618 92,456
Total	•••	853,248	921,834	1,008,040	1,039,724	1,099,074

The total telegrams despatched in 1913 exceeded those despatched in the previous year by 1,804, although inland telegrams show a falling off to the extent of 24,684, which is doubtless due to the extension of telephonic facilities. Compared with 1909 the telegrams despatched in 1913 showed an increase of 414,441, of which 174,213 were inland, 217,557 inter-state, and 22,671 international. Telegrams received from outside the State have increased by 245,826 since 1909. In 1913 the value of inland telegrams was £84,277, of inter-state despatched £72,621, of inter-state received £76,525, of international despatched £107,808, and of international received £90,140.

The telephone exchanges were worked by a private company until September, 1887, in which month the business, buildings, and plant were purchased by the Government. The following statement shows for the past five years the length of lines

and wire open and the number of subscribers, telephones, and private lines:—

TELE	PHONES,	1909	TO	1913.

			1909.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913,
Miles Open— Lines (Poles and Cables) Wire Subscribers Telephones Private Lines	d under-g 	round	1,553 56,967 16,673 23,928 462	1,820 85,725 20,236 26,627 471	2,071 118,521 22,859 30,817 525	2,467 153,400 26,562 35,541 530	2,902 189,193 30,640 39,968 548

The length of wire has increased by 232 per cent., and the number of subscribers by 84 per cent., since 1909. The subscribers given in the table are direct connexions, the actual number of telephones in use having been 39,968 in 1913. This number represents an increase of $12\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. as compared with 1912, and of 67 per cent. as compared with 1909.

The revenue of the Post and Telegraph Department Revenue and expenditure, amounted to £1,172,639 in 1913, the items being postage Post and £665,783, commission on money orders and postal notes Telegraph £31,805, telegrams, cablegrams, &c., £160,877, telephones, &c., £272,964, and various £41,210. In addition, unpaid services rendered to other Departments were valued at £210. estimated that the number of stamps and pre-payment forms sold for postal and telegraphic purposes in 1913 was 143,302,289, and the value thereof £795,817. The ordinary expenditure of the Department amounted to £1,157,841 in 1913, whilst capital expenditure on buildings, furniture, &c., telegraph lines, and telephone exchanges amounted to £324,329. The items of ordinary expenditure were :- Salaries, &c., £719,418; inland mail services, £138,425; British and foreign mail services, £52,828; cable subsidies, &c., £4,500; maintenance of buildings, &c., £127,005; and miscellaneous, £115,665. In the following table the revenue and expenditure of the Department are summarized for the last five years :-

REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE OF POST AND TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT, 1909 TO 1913.

		,1909.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.
Revenue		£	£	£	£	£
	•••	883,682	962,495		1,068,516	1,172,639
Value of unpaid Services	•••	5,761	5,761	5,761	5,761	210
Revenue Earned		889,443	968,256	1,010,788	1,074,277	1 179 840
Expenditure (ordinary)	•••	766,267	835,920	935,821	1,009,851	1,157,841
Surplus	,	123,176	132,336	74,967	64,426	15,008
Capital Expenditure		167,031	243,875	315,728		

RAILWAYS.

Victorian Railways

All railways in Victoria available for general traffic are, with the one exception referred to on page 262, the property of the State, and are under the management of three Commissioners appointed by the Government.

The succeeding tables relate to the State railways, the motive power of which, with the exception of the St. Kilda to Brighton Electric Street Railway, is steam. Parliament has, however, sanctioned the electrification of the Melbourne Suburban Railways, and it is expected that the conversion will be completed in 1917. The gauge of the lines is 5 ft. 3 in., with the exception of 121.9 miles of single lines, of which the gauge is 2 ft. 6 in. The following table shows the length of double and single lines, the cost of construction, and the average cost per mile at the close of each of the last five years :-

RAILWAYS, LENGTH AND COST OF CONSTRUCTION, 30TH JUNE, 1909, TO 30TH JUNE, 1913.

·	1909.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913
Length of Lines on 30th June— Double Lines (miles) Single Lines (miles)	307·51 3,155·36	307·51 3,236·42	321 · 03 3,255 · 42	321 03 3,354 42	325·71 3,374·69
Total Cost of Construction Average Cost per mile	3,462·87 £ 32,887.611 9,497	3,543·93 £ 33,332.350 9,405	£ 33,784,264	3,675·45 £ 34,258,950 9,321	3,700·40 £ 34,732,556 9 386

In addition to the lines embraced in this table, the following were in course of construction on 30th June, 1913:-

5-ft. 3-in. Gauge.		•			Miles.
White Cliffs to Yelta	•••	•••	•••	•••	94
Gheringhap to Maroona		•••		•••	1003
Bairnsdale to Orbost		•••	•••	•••	60
Crowland to Navarre		•••		•••	23
Benalla to Tatong	•••	•••		•••	$\frac{184}{12}$
Rushworth to Colbinabbin	•••	• • •	•••		181
Chillingollah to Manangatang		•••	•••	•••	102
					$242\frac{1}{4}$
•					==

and the following lines had been authorized, but their construction had not been commenced :-

5-ft. 3-in. Gauge.					Miles
Tallangatta to Cudgewa	•••	•••	•••	•••	421
Swan Hill to Piangil	•••	•••	•••	•••	271
Sea Lake towards Pier Millan	•••	•••	•••	•••	172
Heywood to Mumbannar	•••	•••	•••	•••	39⅓ 57♣
Elmore to Cohuna	•••	•••	•••	•••	$15\frac{3}{4}$
Hamilton to Cavendish	•••	•••	•••	•••	103
Rainbow towards Nypo	•••	***	•••	• •••	123
Linton to Skipton	•••	•••	•••	•••	124
					224

Gost of railways and equipment.

The capital cost of lines opened, works, rolling-stock and equipment at 30th June in each of the last five years was as follows:—

CAPITAL COST OF RAILWAYS AND EQUIPMENT, 1909 TO 1913.

30th June.				£
1909				42,392,007
1910		• -		43,091,478
1911				44,021,212
1912	•••		•••	45,603,114
1913	•••	••	•••	47,076,911

The cost given is the actual cost of construction, exclusive of expenses of floating loans, &c. Of the capital expended to 30th June, 1913, £3,890,866 was derived from the general revenue, and the balance (£43,186,045) from loans. The latter liability is represented by debentures and stock outstanding to the nominal amount of £44,566,760, on which the annual interest payable is £1,591,033, or at the average rate of 3.57 per cent. The nominal amount of loans, however, was reduced by £1,380,715—the cost of flotation, together with the discount at time of flotation. It has been computed that, whilst the nominal rate of interest on loans outstanding on 30th June, 1913, was 3.57 per cent., the real interest on the net proceeds available for railway construction was 3.68 per cent.

The capital expenditure incurred in respect of lines now closed for traffic was approximately £392,741, and for surveys of lines not constructed £374,064.

Railway traffic. The mileage and the traffic of the railways since 30th June, 1908, are given in the following table:—

RAILWAYS-MILEAGE AND TRAFFIC, 1908-9 TO 1912-13.

		Year	ended 30th J	une.	
	1909.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.
Miles Constructed ,, Dismantled ,, Closed to Traffic ,, Open for Traffic Train Mileage Passengers carried Goods and Live Stock	3,462·87 18·03 29·93 3,414·91 11,628,792 82,286,112		$3.528 \cdot 49$ $13,319,572$	18 03 29 93 3,627 49	18.03 29.93 3,652.44 14.648.489
Carried (Tons)	4,166,786	4,468,440	4,967,627	5,297,685	5,150,404

The mileage given in the above tables relates to lines of railway, irrespective of the number of tracks, the actual length of which open for traffic on 30th June, 1913, was 3,997 42 miles of main tracks, and 680 69 miles of sidings.

The passenger traffic of 1912-13 was the heaviest experienced by the Railway Department, passenger journeys exceeding those of the second heaviest year—1911-12—by 7,520,876, and those of 1910-11,

the next in volume, by 18,223,813. Of the passenger journeys in 1912-13, 104,920,265 were made by metropolitan-suburban, and 8,510,261 by country passengers, these exceeding by 7,082,051 and 438,825 respectively the corresponding numbers of journeys for the previous year. The tonnage of goods and live stock carried in 1912-13 was less than that for 1911-12 by 147,281, but exceeded that for 1910-11, which now stands third in importance, by 182,777. The items of goods carried in 1912-13 showing greatest tonnage were :-- Wheat, 609,795 tons; stone, gravel, and sand, 607,866 tons; firewood, 484,336 tons; minerals (including coal, coke, ores, &c.), 390,114 tons; and hay, straw, and chaff, 302,082 tons. Live stock carried in the same year had an aggregate weight of 411,420 tons, and comprised 45,810 horses, 371,217 cattle, 5,497,968 sheep, and 283,198 pigs. Comparing 1912-13 with 1908-9 the passenger traffic had increased by 31,144,414 passengers, or 38 per cent., and the goods and live stock carried by 983,618 tons, or 24 per cent.; whilst the number of train miles run had been increased by 3,019,697 miles, or by 26 per cent.

Rallway receipts and working expenses of the Railway Department during the last five financial years were as follows:—

RAILWAY RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE, 1908-9 TO 1912-13.

		Ye	ear ended 30th	June.	:
	1909.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.
Receipts—	£	£	£	£	£
Passenger Fares	1, 79 7, 0 00	1,884,614	2,076,498	2,322,067	2,445,324
Freight on Goods and Live Stock Sundries	2,083,378 308,687	2,238,895 332,239	2,476,563 $356,001$	2,528,380 383,532	2,373,978 402,969
Total	4,189,065	4,455,748	4,909,062	5,233,979	5,222,271
Working Expenses—	£	£	£	£	£
Way and Works Rolling-stock	626,532 998,028	645,279 1,230,784	804,810 1,268,264	894,671 1,397,020	933,809 1,471,346 953,976
Transportation General Charges*	644,660 254,709	687,952 263,720	770,663 265,586	905,805 257,590	245,870
Total	2,523,929	2,827,735	3,109,323	3,455,086	3,605,001
Net Receipts	1,665,136	1,628,013	1,799,739	1,778,893	1,617,270
Percentage of Expenses to Receipts	60.25	63 · 46	63.34	66 · 01	69.03

Including pensions and gratuities.

The receipts of the railways in 1912–13 are £11,708 less than in 1911–12, but exceed all other years. Passenger fares show a satisfactory advance, but receipts for the carriage of goods and live stock have fallen off considerably, the most conspicuous decreases being wool, £41,483; firewood, £22,232; timber, £16,693; wheat, £16,290; and live stock, £12,960. Working expenses in 1912–13 exceed those in the previous year by £149,915, or 4 per cent., and this increase is due to the improved train facilities which have been provided in a greater proportion than the increase in traffic, to the higher cost of materials, &c., and to the concessions which have been made to the staff.

During the year 1911–12 reductions in freights representing an estimated annual value of £76,000 were made. The principal commodities which benefited by the reductions are—agricultural produce, flour from country mills for export, manures (including lime), frozen meat from country works, sheep and lambs for freezing works, firewood and mining timber, colonial spirits, beehives and honey, wrought-iron pipes for water works trusts, &c., chicory roots, beet sugar, leather (on the up journey), wattle bark and hides for country tanneries, vehicle wheels (in the rough and unfinished), trees (fruit and shelter), and cuttings.

Railway interest charges compared with net revenue. The amount of interest on current loans allocated to railways together with the expenditure incurred by the Treasury in connexion with the payment of such interest is compared with the net revenue of the Department for the last five years in the following statement:—

RAILWAY INTEREST CHARGES AND EXPENSES AND NET REVENUE, 1908-9 TO 1912-13.

······································	Year. Interest, &c.					
1908-9 1909-10 1910-11	•••			£ 1,430,693 1,472,917* 1,516,764*	£ 1,665,136 1,628,013 1,799,739	
1911-12 1912-13	•••	•••		1,513,102* 1,595,020	1,778,893 1,617,270	

After deduction of interest credited on Railway Surplus, &c., viz., £8,052 in 1909-10, £12,126 in 1910-11, and £15,689 in 1911-12.

The excellent position of the railways in recent years is exhibited by this table, the figures showing that in each of the last five years there was a considerable surplus after payment of working expenses, pensions, and gratuities, special expenditure and charges on account of previous years, and interest charges and expenses. The surplus was £235,043 in 1908-9, £155,096 in 1909-10, £282,975 in 1910-11, £265,791 in 1911-12, and £22,250 in 1912-13.

Railway earnings and expenses per mile. The earnings, expenses, and net profits per mile of railway open for the years ended 30th June, 1909 to 1913 were as follows:—

RAILWAY RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE PER TRAIN MILE, 1908-9 TO 1912-13.

	1908-9.	1909–10.	1910-11.	1911-12.	1912–13.
Average Number of Miles Open for Traffic	3,402	3,446	3,510	3,548	3,64 4
Gross Earnings per Mile Expenses per Mile Net Profits per Mile	£ 1,231 742 489	£ 1,293 821 472	£ 1,399 886 513	£ 1,475 974 501	£ 1,433 989 444

This table excludes all consideration of the interest payable on railway loans and expenses of paying the same which are given in the preceding table.

The inventory of the rolling-stock at 30th June, 1913, showed that there were at that time 668 locomotives, 1,399 carriages, 15,868 trucks, and 698 vans and sundry stock, of which 12 locomotives, 25 carriages, 210 trucks, and 2 luggage vans were narrow-gauge stock. The electric railway stock comprised 22 combined cars and trailers. During the year 1912–13, the following new stock (built at the Newport workshops, with the exception of 3 carriages and 716 trucks) was put into service:—46 locomotives, 128 carriages, 1,623 trucks, and 31 vans and sundry stock. The capital cost of the broad-gauge stock was £8,665,401, of the narrow-gauge £74,197, and of the electric railway stock £22,189.

Railway staff. The number of officers and employés in the railway service and the amount of salaries and wages (including travelling and incidental expenses) paid in each of the last five financial years were as set forth below:—

RAILWAY STAFF—NUMBERS, SALARIES, ETC.

. Y	Year.		Year.			Amount of Salaries and Wages Paid.	
				£			
1908-9			14,639	1,846,754			
1909-10			16,839	2,006,433			
1910-11			19,927	2,366,873			
1911-12			22,504	2,832,398			
1912-13			23,808	3,098,657			

Figures relating to the Railway Construction Branch are not included in the above statement, but particulars of the staff on the St. Kilda and Brighton Electric Street Railway are included.

Municipal railway. The one railway in Victoria not belonging to the State system which is open for general traffic is that between Kerang and Koondrook, and owned and worked by the municipality of the Shire of Kerang. This railway is 13 miles 73 chains in length, and up to the end of 1913 cost £40,110 for construction and equipment. For the year 1913 the gross receipts were £4,714, the working expenses were £2,529, and the amount paid in interest and towards redemption was £1,809. The train mileage for the same year was 20,000.

A statement of freights in respect of commodities affecting rural producers has been supplied by the General Passenger and Freight Agent of the Victorian Railways, and is herewith appended:

VICTORIAN RAILWAY GOODS RATES.

Commodities.	5 mil		10 mil	00 les.	15 mil	es.	20 mil			50 les.		00 les.	350 miles
1	8.	d.	8.	d.	3.	d.	8.	d.	8.	d.	· s.	d.	s. d.
Agricultural Produce, in truck						R	ate pe	r t c	n.				
Potatoes, in truck loads of 6 tons Dairy Produce, consisting of Eggs, Butter, Milk, Cream, Cheese.	5 4	6	8	6	9	4 4	10 10	6 6	11 11		12 12	4	13 2 13 2
Hams and Bacon (minimum, 1 ton)† Fresh Fruit† Fresh Meat, in 5-ton lots; Fencing Wire, in lots of 10 tons and up-	9 6	5 2	17 11	4 2	23 14	7 8	29 18	8	33 20	10 8	37 23	11 2	42 1 25 10
wards; Woolpacks and Corn- sacks, in truck loads of 6 tons Poultry† Wool† Agricultural Machinery and Im-	$^{8}_{13}_{17}$	3 2 0	$\frac{14}{24}$	11 1 6	19 32 43	6 9 0	24 41 49	1 3 3	27 47 55	6 0 6	30 52 61	11 9 9	34 5 58 5 68 0
plements, Binder Twine† Fencing Wire, in truck loads of 6	17	3	34	0	50	6	63	0	75	6	84	0	92 3
tons Wire Netting, in truck loads of 6	11	0	21	0	31	0	38	5	45	10	49	5	53 0
tons	4 2	3 10	7 4	$\frac{6}{3}$	10 5	$_{4}^{6}$	12 6	3 4	14 7	2 4	15 8	10 5	17 4 8 10
						Rat	te per	tru	ck.				
Live Stock	38	0	73	6	86	0	113	0	141	0	168	6	196 0

^{*} Agricultural Produce includes Wheat, Oats, Barley, Maize, Beet, Hay, Straw, Flour, Bran. Pollard, Sharps and Malt. Also Wine, Fruit, Jams, Jellies, Sauces, and Pickles, produce of the Commonwealth, consigned direct for export.

[†] These commodities are subject to the Tariff for "Smalls," and, when consigned in lots up to 3 cwt., the charges are slightly higher than pro rata of the tonnage rates.

Fares on Victorian Rallways. A summary of passenger fares has also been obtained from the same source.

VICTORIAN RAILWAY PASSENGER FARES.

Single.			Return.								
Distance.	1st Class.	2nd Class.	1st Class.	2nd Class.	1st Class Holicay Excursion.	2nd Class Holiday Excursion.					
Miles. 50 100 150 200 250 350	s. d. 7 6 15 0 22 6 30 0 37 6 44 6 51 4	s. d. 5 0 10 0 15 0 20 0 25 0 29 8 34 2	s. d. 12 6 25 0 37 6 50 0 62 6 74 0 85 6	s. d. 8 4 16 8 25 0 33 4 41 8 49 6 57 0	s. d. 10 1 20 3 30 4 40 3 50 7 60 6 70 6	s. d. 6 8 13 8 20 3 26 11 33 7 40 3 47 2					

Cheap excursion tickets, at the rate of $1\frac{1}{2}$ d. per mile for first class return and 1d. per mile for second class return, are issued to and from Melbourne and the various country stations as may be advertised from time to time.

From the 15th November to the 30th April each year return tickets are issued to the various seaside and mountainous district resorts from all stations throughout Victoria at holiday excursion fares, and are available for two months from date of issue.

Oversea freights to London on the undermentioned articles of primary produce have been supplied by the Exports Superintendent:—

OVERSEA FREIGHTS, MELBOURNE TO LONDON, ETC.

Butter			(Per P. and O. steamers), 2s. 6d. per box " Orient " 2s. 4d. " " Other " 2s. "
Cheese			3d. per lb. (subject to variation in freight)
Lamb	:		11 d. "
Mutton			$\frac{5}{8}$ d. "
Beef	•••	•••	9/16 d. ",
Veal		,	<u>5</u> d. ∥
Ham and I	Bacon		§d. "
Rabbits			55s. per ton to London, Liverpool, and Hull 65s. "Manchester
Fruit		•••	60s. " per Orient steamers other steamers
Wheat			30s. per ton (subject to variation in freight)
Wool-			
Greasy			² d. per lb. to London
Scoured			⁷ / ₈ d.
All case G	oods	•••	(Ordinary cargo) 60s. per ton per mail steamers 40s. " other "

TRAMWAYS.

Victorian tramways. The various tramway systems in the State comprise 45.925 miles of cable lines, double track; 49.2735 miles of electric lines, of which 22.402 miles are double, and 26.8715 miles single track; 14.725 miles of horse-lines, of which 6.475 miles are double and 8.25 miles single track; and a steam tramway of 1 mile, double track.

The towns other than the metropolis having tramway systems which are represented in these figures are:—Ballarat, with 13·1 miles of electric lines and 1·75 miles of horse lines; Bendigo, with 8·6625 miles of electric lines; Geelong, with 4·91 miles of electric lines; and Sorrento, with 1 mile of steam tramway.

The electric street railway, St. Kilda to Brighton, under the management of the Victorian Railways Commissioners, is not referred to in this connexion, being included under the heading Railways.

The following table contains a summary of particulars relating to all tramways in Victoria:—

VICTORIAN TRAMWAYS, 1909-10 TO 1912-13.

Financial	Tram	Passengers	Traffic	Expenditure.	Rolling	Persons
Year.	Mileage,	Carried.	Receipts.		Stock,	Employed,
1909-10 1910-11 1911-12 1912-13	14 141,316	80,342,341 89,168,324 101,590 969 110,422,624	£ 669,683 747,065 846,305 911,245	£ 556,957* 583,891* 594,081* 659,160*	1,093 1,098 1,115 1,171	2,200* 2,424* 2,472* 2,592*

^{*} Including particulars relating to omnibus lines of the Melbourne Tramway and Omnibus Company.

The tramways worked by the Melbourne Tramway and Melbourne Omnibus Company are held under lease expiring on 1st tramways. July, 1916, and were constructed by the Melbourne Tramway Trust, under authority of Parliament, Act No. 47 Vict. No. 765. Trust is composed of representatives of all the municipalities in the streets of which tramways were authorized to be constructed under the Act referred to. On the security of the municipal properties and revenues and of the tramways, the Trust issued debentures, at 41 per cent., for £1,650,000, for which it received £1,705,794 in cash. obligations of the company leasing the tramways are to provide its own rolling-stock, keep the tramways in repair, and hand the same over to the Trust at the expiration of the lease, pay the interest on the money borrowed by the Trust, and contribute to a sinking fund for the extinction of the Trust's loan. The sinking fund amounted to £1,591,350 at 1st January, 1914.

The following table has been compiled from information furnished by the secretary of the Melbourne Tramway and Omnibus Company:—

TRAMWAYS OF THE MELBOURNE TRAMWAY AND OMNIBUS COMPANY, 1903-4 TO 1913-14.

Year end	led 30th Ju	ine.	Tram Mileage.	Passengers Carried.	Traffic Receipts
1904 1905 1906 1907 1908 1909 1910 1911 1913			8,968,928 8 932,073 9,032,523 9,536,397 9,810,808 9,856,345 10,010,975 10,636,440 11,313,212 11,839,473 12,056,510	49, 183,742 50,297,357 52,925,654 59,069,280 63,954,512 66,522,463 68,695,853 76,295,825 84,926,712 89,359,248 91,438,777	£ 444,495 448,740 469,079 506,635 545,269 565,601 581,390 644,187 715,524 751,091 766,426

The length of lines open on 30th June, 1914, comprised 43 675 miles of double track cable tramways, and 4 475 miles of double track horse tramways. The traffic of each of the last ten years has successively eclipsed that of any former year, 1913–14 exceeding 1912–13 by 2,079,529 passengers. The number of tram miles run in 1913–14 shows an increase of 217,037 over the number for 1912–13.

In addition to the lines of the Melbourne Tramway and Omnibus Company, there are within or on the fringe of the metropolitan area 23.601 miles of electric tramways (18.947 miles being double track and 4.654 miles single track), 2½ miles of cable tramways (double track), and 8.5 miles of horse tramways (2 miles being double and 6½ miles single track). Of these, the most recently constructed are the Prahran-Malvern electric tramways, which are controlled by a Trust representing the municipalities of Prahran and Malvern. They are 15.701 miles in length, and have cost £421,141 to construct and equip. The remaining metropolitan tramways and their mileage are the North Melbourne-Essendon electric lines, 7.9 miles; the North-cote-Preston cable line, 2½ miles; the Sandringham-Beaumaris horse line, 7 miles, and the Coburg horse line, 1½ miles. The traffic particulars of these lines are as follow:—

OTHER METROPOLITAN TRAMWAYS.

Financ	ial Y e ar.	Miles of Track.	Tram Mileage,	Passengers Carried.	Traffic Receipts.
1908-9 1909-10 1910-11 1911-12 1912-13		 17·78 23·275 23·392 25·879 34·351	860,000 1,104,164 1,306,688 1,554,482 1,848,639	4,755,000 6,713,825 7,997,735 10,675,443 14,344,054	£ 26,500 42,071 56,940 74,503 96,960

Country towns there were in 1913, 25 6725 miles of electric tramways, 1 75 miles of horse tramway, and 1 mile of steam tramway, of which the traffic particulars for the last five financial years are subjoined.

TRAMWAYS IN COUNTRY TOWNS.

Financ	cial Year,	 Miles of Track.	Tram Mileage.	Passengers Carried,	Traffic Receipts.
1908-9 1909-10 1910-11 1911-12 1912-13		 23 · 0 23 · 2 23 · 975 26 · 63 28 · 4225	1,166,000 1,126,608 1,126,565 1,273,622 1,349,149	4,700,000 4,932,663 4,874,764 5,988,814 6,719,322	£ 43,623 46,222 45,938 56,278 63,193

LICENSED VEHICLES.

The licensing of vehicles plying, kept, or let out for hire within the city of Melbourne or for a distance of 8 miles beyond the city boundaries is controlled by the Melbourne drivers licensed annually during the last five years.

LICENSED VEHICLES IN MELBOURNE, 1909 TO 1913.

		1909.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.
For Passenger Traffic. Cabs (4 wheel) " (Hansoms) Omnibuses Tram Cars " Dummies Motor Cars " Omnibuses " Omnibuses	***	547 238 51 422 353	528 238 40 428 360 	527 235 28 429 359 7	527 251 11 432 389 29	517 237 9 432 389 25 43
Total For Conveyance of Goods. Drivers licensed		1,611	1,594	1,585	1,639 2,643	1,652

Metorcars, &c. The use of motor cars and motor cycles in Victoria is regulated by Act No. 2237, under the provisions of which every motor car and motor cycle must be registered with the Chief Commissioner of Police, and the registration renewed annually. On 31st December, 1913, the number of motor cars registered was 6,765, and the number of motor cycles 4,520. No person may drive a motor car or motor cycle upon any public highway without having been licensed for that purpose. On 31st December, 1913, the number of drivers of motor cars and motor cycles licensed by the Chief Commissioner was 13,300.